BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, ...PROPRIETORS

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...EDITOR
ROBERT P. TUTEN, ...PUBLISHER

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REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the ensuing year:

JAMES H. RANKIN, Chairman, Bellefonte.
R. C. CHEESMAN, Secretary, "

DISTRICT.	NAMES.	ADDRESS.
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" —S. W.,	D H Hahl,	"
" —W. W.,	G M Yocum.	"
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Howard "	J Royer,	Howard
Philipsbu'g "	Wm C Wagner,	Philipsbu'g
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Benner Twp	A D Swartz,	Bellefonte
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Snow Shoe "	J H Crissman,	Snow Shoe
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Taylor "	G W Mearyman,	Olivia
Union "	Reu'n Underwood,	Fleming
Walker "	Jno L Rodgers,	Nittany
Worth "	Alex Chenney,	Port Matilda

☞ Each member of the County Committee will please notice that he is Chairman of the Vigilance Committee for his election district.

Your earnest attention is directed to the following Act of Assembly, regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all the general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter required to vote by tickets, written or printed, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified, as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and to be labelled outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, labelled "State;" one ticked shall embrace the names of all County officers voted for, including office of Senator, member and members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all Borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

ORGANIZE! ORGANIZE!—We implore you, friends, to organize for victory and the redemption of Centre county from Democratic misrule. We can carry the county if you will only determine to do so and work earnestly and energetically to accomplish that desired end. Work, work, organize and work.

THREE physicians arrived at Shreveport from New Orleans on Wednesday night, and one of them telegraphed to the New Orleans Howard Association that the Shreveport pestilence is genuine yellow fever, and that between fifty and sixty per cent. of the cases are fatal. There have been about four hundred deaths thus far. Col. Moncie, speaker of the McEnery Legislature, is ill of the disease. The fever took a fresh start on Wednesday night, and many new cases and 17 deaths were reported yesterday. The destitution is terrible, and it costs the Howard Association $2000 per day to nurse the sick and support the penniless widows and orphans.

A WEALTHY PHILADELPHIAN SHOOTS HIS WIFE AND THEN HIMSELF.

Thomas B. Parker, aged forty-two years, shot his wife on Wednesday morning and then shot himself. He died instantly. The wife's wound is very serious, the ball entering near the right eye. The tragedy is attributed to jealousy. Parker was formerly a member of a large iron establishment near Moorstown, N. J., and recently retired, having acquired a large fortune. He was a son of the late Isaac Brown Parker, who left an estate worth fully $3,000,000 to be divided among two sons and three daughters. His estate comprises some of the most valuable property in Philadelphia, including the ground upon which the Continental Hotel and the American now the Grand Central, Theatre stands. Mrs. Parker, the wife of the suicide, was a daughter of Robert Macgregor. She was much younger than her husband. They had been married twelve years, and leave one child a boy three years old. Mrs. Parker still survives, but there is little hope of her recovery. The parties moved in the highest circles, and lived in an elegant villa at Kingsessing, in the suburbs of Philadelphia.

JUDGE GORDON.

The Pittsburg *Commercial* contains the following excellent compendium of the character and history of the Republican candidate for Supreme Judge of the State:

"Judge Gordon is a man of the people. Born in poverty, and compelled to make a stubborn struggle for existence, he found his place in early youth among the toilers, and worked his way up to manhood and intelligence through severe labors by day and severer studies by night. What he has learned from books he snatched as he went along, and he has attained to eminence in his profession through the same unwearied industry that made him efficient as a mechanic, and by improving the few opportunities afforded in a life of toil and effort. His success as a lawyer, is therefore all the greater credit to him. His way to it was not paved by rich and indulgent parents, but lay through troubles, and trials and difficulties that required a vigorous manhood to overcome.

The great masses of the people—of the men who work and struggle for life—can therefore fully appreciate such a man as Judge Gordon. He is one of themselves. He has passed through the fiery furnace, and he knows how to sympathize with and comprehend their wants and necessities. Experience and study have fitted him for the bench; but they have not blotted out or dimmed his recollection of his earlier years of manual labor. He is the son of toil as well as of the schools; and the people, in electing him to the Supreme bench, will be able to realize that they are not merely choosing a fit man for the place, but are choosing one of themselves to the highest place in their gift."

OFFICIAL IMBECILES.

The *Watchman* has evidently become alarmed for the success of its little ring game in our county affairs, and last week devoted a portion of its space to a defence of its especial tool, John G. Sankey. The nomination of this man was a complete success of the ring in Bellefonte over the more honest democrats on the other side of the mountain, secured by trickery and wire pulling. The present board of Commissioners are the most complete set of imbeciles we ever knew any people to elevate to any position of trust or responsibility. There is but one man on the board that knows enough to get under cover when it rains, and there is not one or all of them together including their fosilized clerk, that is capable of making out an intelligent report of the affairs of the commissioners' office, and although repeatedly requested to do so by the state department have failed so to do, and there has been no report from this county for the last ten years. We are informed by men who have been compelled to do business with them, that the affairs of the office are in such a state of confusion, that it is imposible to find anything, and that valuable documents which were needed to settle certain claims at law have been lost or stolen. In fact these men are there only to serve the purpose for which certain men in Bellefonte secured their election, viz: to be the blind subservient tools of the ring. Hence the renomination of this man Sankey, because there are certain schemes on foot which it will not be safe to trust in the hands of a new and more capable and perhaps more honest man, or one who might have a will of his own and a desire to perform the duties of his office in an honest and efficient manner. We think the evidence we have in hand warrants the assertion that this man Sankey is the best specimen of imbecility on the whole board, and therefore prized by "the power behind the throne," not because he is an honest county officer, but because he is a very efficient tool. When some poor men of his own party have asked him to favor some movement that was really for the interest of the people, he has put on a great show of authority, and pretending to be very much in favor of economy, has invariably refused.

But when any of his masters of the ring shall ask him to fence the grounds about the court house, whether it shall cost $15,000 or $50,000, the consent of this nonentity will be quickly obtained. This week we publish again the nefarious scheme of these tools of the ring, to defraud the people, entered into between W. W. Brown on the one hand, and C. T Alexander and Wm. Fury the superannuated clerk of this board of old fossils. Now Brown has in his office material not worth over three hundred dollars. For this he pays to this ring through their agent, the apparent owners, $400 yearly rental, and if they receive any more than the $400 it is to be invested in new material if they think best, if not the money goes into the pockets of the men of this ring. Last spring he received for publishing the proclamation and registry act (this latter being entirely unnecessary) $195,20, and for the court proclamation $6,40, this fall $180,00 for the proclamation and registry act, and $6,40 for court proclamation, and for the auditors report last spring $86,40, making a total for the years printing given by these very honest commissioners to their organ of $474,40. This is what this paper has cost the county. This rent amounts to 133 per cent. on the money invested, and it will be seen that this year they have received in excess of that enormous interest $74,40 a sum equal to almost one third of the original investment. Would not some of the hard working farmers like to invest some of their hard earned money where it would do them as much good?

We appeal to the farmers and tax payers of every class throughout the county. Do you not call this robbery? Can you dignify such trickery as this by any nobler name? Multiply the sum received by the Commissioners by four and you have what it cost to publish the proclamations and auditors' report in all the papers that have had it this year, and the amount is $1897,60. The greater part of the ballance of the county printing goes to the *Watchman*, and not a tenth part of it ever reaches either of the papers on the other side of the mountain, and the final result of this "little game" will be that this ring will obtain control of the county unless the honest democrats over the mountain come to the rescue, and by voting for Gramly defeat this miserable combination. It is time there was a change. They have led you round by the nose long enough. They have defeated your candidates because the men you brought forward were too honest, and they did not dare to trust them. They have leagued themselves with renegade Republicans to defeat you, to rob you and the county, to crush your papers, and the danger is that you may let them do it. The remedy for you to adopt if you will, is to elect Gramly, and you will loose nothing by such a course, the board will still be Democratic for you will still have that magnificent imbecile Hinton, and Foster who is blessed with a little sense, but not enough to make his head ache. The presence of one Republican would be a check to the schemes of the ring, and perhaps another year your candidates would receive some consideration.

Vote for Samuel Gramly and you will vote for a man that this ring cannot manage and who they will not dare to approach with their dishonorable schemes.

Article of agreement made and concluded this —— day of January, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, by and between C. T. Alexander and Wm. Furey of the borough of Bellefonte, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, parties of the first part, and W. W. Brown of the borough, county and State aforesaid, party of the second part. Witnesseth, that for and in consideration of the premises hereinafter mentioned, the said parties of the first part do hereby agree to lease and demise unto the party of the second part for the term of one year from this date, all those certain type and printing material now being in a certain room or basement heretofore leased by the said W. W. Brown from Daniel Garman, in the borough of Bellefonte, in the county of Centre, *and which type and material are fully set forth in a certain bill of R S. Menamin to P. G. MEEK, and dated January 7, 1873*, and also such other type and printing material as the parties of the first part may hereafter, during the continuance of this lease, see proper to purchase. In consideration whereof the said W. W. Brown agrees to use the said printing material carefully, and to deliver up possession of the same at the end of one year from this date in as good order and condition as the same now are—reasonable wear and tear excepted. The said W. W. Brown agrees further, to pay as rental for the use of the said printing material the sum of four hundred dollars per year, *and in order to secure the payment of the same he doth hereby assign and set over to the parties of the first part, all bills and accounts that he may at any time have during the continuance of said lease, against the Commissioners of the county of Centre, and against the Sheriff of Centre county, for whatever printing and advertising the said Commissioners and Sheriff may order to be done by him or in his paper*, and the said party of the 2d part doth hereby agree to print whatever may be ordered to be printed, and to advertise whatever may be ordered to be advertised in his said paper by the said Commissioners and said Sheriff at the current rates charged by other printers for the same kind of work, and the said party of the second part doth hereby assign to the parties of the first part all accounts and charges that he may hereafter have during the continuance of this lease, against the said Commissioners and Sheriff, as security for the rental herewith reserved for the use of said material. And *should the said accounts and bills amount to more than the aforesaid rental of four hundred dollars per year, the balance or residue thereof shall be appropriated by the parties of the first part in the purchase of other material for the use of said printing office as to them shall seem right and proper*, and should the said printing and advertising not amount to four hundred dollars per year, then the balance of the said sum shall be paid to the parties of the first part at end of the year in cash.

In witness whereof the said parties have herewith set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

C. T. ALEXANDER. [SEAL.]
WM. FUREY. [SEAL.]
W. W. BROWN. [SEAL.]

Sealed, signed and delivered in presence of C. M. BOWER.

For the Republican.

THE LIE ABOUT THE PENN TOWNSHIP ROAD.

The Democratic "Watchman" of Sept. 26, contains an article headed "*Gramly as a damag assessor.*" It goes on to state the "queerness" of Mr. Gramly as an official, in relation to a certain road, which after considerable pulling and wiring was viewed and located; and then came the matter of damages, and Mr. S. Gramly being one of those to value and appraise the damages, caused by the location of the road, and that the three met, performed their duties and made their report to Court, awarding $1742, to the different parties sustaining damages, and that Mr. Gramly *after* agreeing that $1742 was a fair equivalent for the damages created, and that after signing a return to the court to that effect, and after making the gentlemen to whom these damages were awarded, believe that he was in favor of paying them their losses, *"he went to one of the commissioners and advised them not to pay the amount assessed, as it was an exhorbitant price and more than the losses amounted to."* Now that I ever advised any of the commissioners *not* to pay the aggrieved parties the amount assessed, that it was an exorbitant price and more than the losses amounted to, I do declare a *malicious falsehood*, and do hereby repeat what I said in the return to court, that, in case said road be opened as located, the said amount in full, as assessed should be paid to the parties sustaining damages.

S. GRAMLY.

James Schofield, the harness maker, will present for competition at the Fair, some of his excellent work which is hard to beat and he defies competion. Come on with your fancy work.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the REPUBLICAN.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26, 1873.

THE FINACIAL CRISIS.

A view of the surface of things would suggest the opinion that the worst of the financial storm is over. It requires greater wisdom, however, to look beneath the surface and ascertain the direction of the under-current. One thing is certain men are not so wild with excitement as they were a few days ago. Whether this quiet is owing to a disposition to view the situation with calmness or whether it is the stupefaction of despair remains yet to be ascertained. To say the worst is over I fancy to be very hasty prediction. The developments of to-day are not at all encouraging. Here in Washington the banking house of Fant, Washington & Co., an old established house that has weathered all the storms since 1857, including that terrible panic, was to-day compelled to close its doors. In Baltimore the firm of William Fisher & Sons, the leading brokers of that city, was forced to suspend. News of the suspension of three Chicago banks has reached us this afternoon. The promised statements of the condition of the affairs of the banks that first went under are not forthcoming, and, taken altogether, the prospect is not a cheering one.

Several consultations have been held between the President and his advisors to consider whether or not anything further can be done to assist the business of the country. The opinion of the First Comptroller of the Treasury and of the Attorney General has been asked concerning the legality of a resort by the Secretary of the Treasury to the forty-four millions reserve, and though the opinion is held by both these officials that such a proceeding would be justifiable and legal if the intent were to save the credit of the government itself, but when any other purpose is had the legality of such actions is, to say the least, dubious. Secretary Richardson announces his intention to intefere no further, after consulting with President Grant last night and this morning he determined to adhere to that intention to the last. It is impossible for the Treasury Department to afford any further relief without resorting to the reserve, and without a clear legal right the Secretary will not make such a venture. The amount of currency now in the vaults of the Treasury is less than two millions, and it is quite plain that it would be unsafe to reduce the amount any lower. In case the receipt of the government begin to fall off (and it is quite certain it will) this amount is required to meet current expenses. It is therefore very evident that no further aid from the government can be expected. The banking business will have to stand upon its own merits.

It is perhaps fortunate that this crisis came upon us in a time when we were able to stand it. If it had been accompanied by a failure of the crops and a general stagnation of business the result would have been disastrous. As it is it would now seem that it is only the banking business that is unsound. No commercial failures have been reported, though it is not time for our merchants to begin to congratulate themselves. The trouble will yet reach them, though not until it becomes sufficiently diffused to make it less heavy upon that, or any other, particular business. All classes will feel the effect, and in the end the burden must be borne by those who labor with their hands, who till the soil, who build our roads and our dwellings, who pave our streets and who navigate our vessels. Let us be thankful and let us all share in the feeling, that they are just now in their best condition for standing erect beneath their burden. Corn we will have in abundance, and there will be millions of bushels of wheat to spare to less favored countries. The cotton crop, we are informed, will be one of the best ever produced. Our mines were never more productive and were never worked with more energy than to-day, and a singular and most fortunate coincidence is the fact that a demand for American iron is beginning to spring up in Europe.

It is impossible for Secretary Richardson to even read, much less heed, all the telegrams received. They are constantly coming, coming by the score, by the hundred daily. They contain all sorts of advice. Some plead for a further purchase of bonds and issue of currency; some ask for the reverse. They are mostly from bankers and dealers in stocks. Some represent the panic as subsiding; some prophesy that the trouble has just begun. All this is enough to confuse most men, but Mr. Richardson appears to be in no wise flured.

COLORED EMPLOYEES OF THE GOVERNMENT.

Professor John M. Langston, a colored man and a member of the faculty of Howard University of this city has taken the trouble to look up the records to discover the number of colored persons employed in the government departments here. Mr. Langston is a native of the State of Ohio and a finely educated gentleman. The reported disaffection among the colored voters of Ohio with the manner in which federal patronage has been distributed has elicited from him this action.

The colored employees of the government in this city alone he finds to be as follows; In the Treasury Department 315; in the Interior Department 315, in the Navy Department, 17; in the War Department, 98; in the Department of the Justice, 8, and in the Department of State, 10. In the Post Office Department there are eight colored postmasters (two first-class); three special agents; five route agents; two first-class clerks, and eighteen messengers. The total number of colored persons in the different departments in this city is 552. Thus it seems that the colored people, of this locality at least, have no cause for complaint of being neglected by the present administration.

THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

has just completed the September estimate of the wheat crop, and, on the whole, it is a very favorable estimate. Taking one hundred as a full crop the crop of 1873 is estimated at ninety-five, about equal to the last year's crop. There was a larger area harvested, so that the aggregate yield may be expected to be somewhat larger. In some of the States the yield per acre will be larger; in some, smaller. In New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Missouri, Kansas, Wisconsin and Minnesota there has been a discernible improvement. In the Southern States, without exception, there has been a rather marked falling off, in the yield per acre. Taking the country at large it is found that the quality of the grain is superior to that of last year's harvest, and it yields better in threshing than was anticipated. The Department is of the opinion that in all cases where there has been a falling off in a yield or a deterioration in the quality of the wheat of the recent harvest these things are attributable to careless and imperfect cultivation. In every case where skillful culture has been practiced there has been a decided improvement. Especially is this noticeable in the Southern States.

THE IRON TRADE.

During the eight months ending Aug. 31, 1873, we imported from England 141,330 tons of railroad iron. During a corresponding period last year 340,321 tons. Where we imported five tons last year we import but two tons this year. A comparison of the first eight months of the present year with the same period last year shows a reduction in our imports of all kinds of iron (pig, bar and rod, railroad, hoop and boiler iron and steel) of 311,217 tons, and for the single month of August, 1873, a reduction of 44,461 tons from August, 1872, In August, 1872, we brought from Great Britain 40,005 tons of railroad iron. In August, 1873, we bought of that country but 6,937 tons of railroad iron. This is indeed encouraging to the iron manufacturers of this country.

We have no statistics of the exports from this country to England, but we have the most satisfactory evidence that such shipments have actually been made, something never before heard of. It is not too much to expect that in a few years the trade will have turned the other way, and that instead of buying our iron abroad we will appear in the markets of the world as sellers.

COTTON CROP.

Whether or not cotton be king is not a question with which we need concern ourselves, but as an article of commerce, upon which a proportion of our labor is expended, it is and always will be exceedingly important. A very large section of our country is mainly dependent upon the cotton crop, and a glance at the figures showing the amount of last year's yeild and a value in the market must be interesting to all classes of our citizens.

The total number of bales of cotton raised in the United States last year was 3,930,508. The average weight of a bale is 464 pounds. The total weight of the cotton growing in our country was, therefore, 1,823,755,712 pounds, or 911,877 tons of 2,000 pounds each. Allowing each bale to be five feet in length and supposing the entire number of bales to be placed in one line end to end and we have a wall of cotton 19,652,540 feet, or upwards of 3,700 miles in length.

This cotton was sold at the average price of fifteen cents per pound, making its value $273,583,856,80. 1,053,465 bales were sold to foreign dealers and brought us $186,727,363,80. Thus we see that cotton is still by far the most important article of export we have.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Wednesday Morning, Oct. 3, 1873

Our Story Teller.

HENRI;

OR

THE WEB AND WOOF OF LIFE.

BY WILLIAM O. CAMBRIDGE.

CHAPTER XXIV.

NEW LEBANON.—THE SHAKERS.

I found everything going on harmoniously at home, for peace and happiness had returned to a long-deserted roof. Mrs. Stewart was the good angel who watched over the interests of all. She had found the children in a worse condition than she had left them. They were more fretful and ungovernable; but the vicious influences, which had so long surrounded them, were removed; and, for her, it was not a very hard thing to eradicate much of the evil, which had been growing and taking deeper root for so many years. They would frequently let their passions for some trivial cause run away with their judgements; but she was ever ready, with her word of peace and her look of love and forbearance, to soothe and calm the troubled sea of passion.

There is a power in goodness which the most abandoned may be made to feel. It can tame the most fierce, and cause the madman to become as gentle as a little child. The raging passions are calmed and stilled in its presence, even as Jesus calmed the stormy sea, when he said, "Peace, peace be still." The reason why evil gains so many victories is, because there is so much professed and so little real every-day-life goodness in the world.

The influence of Mrs. Stewart was just what was wanted to counteract the evils which had so long mingled with the very air which my brothers and sisters inhaled. There is nothing so fatal to a family of children than to live with those who are abusive, overbearing, wicked, self-righteous, fault-finding and quarrelsome. It makes them like those with whom they reside. Many children are passionate, overbearing and quarrelsome, because their parents are so. They inherit bad dispositions from them, and example and practice make them worse. And yet parents wonder why their children should be so hasty and passionate!

While on my visit to my uncle's, I had scarcely lifted my hand to do any kind of work: but now I thought the best thing I could do was to aid my brothers in their work on the farm. I was suffering from low spirits and ill-health, caused by my recent disappointment. I thought labor in the open air would be conducive to health, and exert a greater healing power than medicines. A farm is the best place for invalids, especially those of cities and large villages; for they need the pure country air, and that kind of labor which will call all the powers of the physical system into action. Most of the drugs prescribed for sick poison and corrupt the blood, while labor upon a farm, regular hours, good air and wholesome food, remove disease and restore health.

It took us, with our hired help, till, the twentieth of August to finish haying. The exercise was beneficial to me, but it is vain to expect bodily health when the mind is diseased.

I have not spoken, for some time of Deacon Webber. The week previous to my arrival home he met with a sad mishap. He was detected in purloining a part of the money collected at the last communion season. This led to an investigation, which made it very evident that he had done the same for years. A church-meeting was immediately called, when all the facts were laid before it, and he was unanimously expelled. It was not long before every body found out that he was always a bad man. The members of the church said they never had any confidence in him. The crime of stealing money collected for church purposes was looked upon by his brethren as almost equal to the unpardonable sin; and some were certain it was the very sin itself, especially when the deed was done by a deacon.

When Helen Means lived with him, pale, ragged and dirty, the number was not very large in the church who thought the deacon guilty of a sin in thus treating her like a brute. But there were some who regarded it as Christians should; but they were powerless in numbers and influence. Many others would have condemned him, if they had known the facts. Those who were now loudest in their condemnation then vented their maledictions upon my head, because I had aided the poor girl to escape from one who shamefully abused her. When will people learn that the beings upon whom God has stamped his image, without regard to nation, clime or color, are holier and more sacred than rites, ceremonies, holy days or sacred places? Better steal from a hundred churches, than wrong one poor, little, helpless child.

On the first of September, my sister Jane was married to Herbert Mansfield, a young farmer, who lived in a neighboring town. At her wedding, I again saw Helen Means. She was cordial as a sister,—nothing more. If it had not been for Jane's feelings, and Mrs. Stewarts's, I should not have been present. I treated her with more of coldness than I ever manifested towards any being before in whom I had the least interest. My conduct was noticed, and Mrs. Stewart seemed hurt. Helen returned with my uncle and aunt, the day after Jane's marriage. In spite of my coldness, she urged me to come and visit them soon. I bade her remember what I had said the evening of our last interview.

"Then," said she, "I shall come to see you."

"Possibly you may," I replied.

I was not present when she left for home, and this I did not regret; for it might have been a hard task to have preserved my stoical coldness, and manifested no emotion.

It may be asked, where were Helen's parents, during this time? They were written to repeatedly, without any answer being returned. Then direct search was made for them, but no such family could be found.

I now resolved to go to New York, and from there to go wherever my inclinations might lead me. The visit of Helen had only made me more restless and uneasy,—I wanted excitement. I encountered much opposition in my plan, especially from Mrs. Stewart; but go I must. I went to Boston; from there to Providence, and by steamboat to New York city. I found my friends well, happy and prosperous. Ernest and Irene were to be married the first week in November, and I was expected to be present. They both seemed highly delighted to see me, but I was ill at ease in their company; for their mutual happiness made me think still more of my own disappointment.

I had the pleasure of an introduction to Ernest's mother, who was in New York on a visit. I found her an intelligent, agreeable lady, who looked as though her experience had been bitter and painful.

After spending a week in New York, I took a sail up the Hudson, and landed at Albany. In this beautiful city I tarried a number of days. At my hotel I became acquainted with a gentleman and wife and two daughters, who had been to Saratoga Springs and Niagara Falls. The weather was so warm and pleasant that they had determined to visit New Lebanon Springs, and remain there as long as the pleasant weather lasted. I gladly accepted an invitation to accompany them, for I found them pleasant and agreeable. We engaged a private carriage to carry us to Lebanon, which landed us, in a few hours, at the Columbia House.

In this charming spot we remained a number of weeks; for the weather continued beautiful till the first of November. New Lebanon has many attractions and for real beauty and variety of scenery it is seldom surpassed. There was but one thing lacking, to make it perfect to my eye. A sheet of water, quietly reposing in the valley, would give it the finishing stroke. It might then have been to beautiful. Early in the morning it required but little imagination to supply the deficiency. Looking down from either of the many eminences which over look the valley, you behold a white vapor, resting there so calmly that it seems like a lake. I have often climbed those hills at early dawn, and feasted my eyes, and soul upon the beauty and grandeur which were all around me. The white lake, at the foot of an hundred hills and mountains, would soon depart, when old Sol came up from behind them, and looked down upon it with his eyes of fire. Up the mountain sides the silvery mist would sweep, laying hold of the shrubs and trees with its spirit-hands, pulling itself upwards until it gained the highest summit; and then, catching a ray of the sun, it changed to a rosy hue, and flew away to heaven. As I gazed at the beautiful sight, I thought of the spirits of men, lifted by the rays of the "Sun of righteousness" up to their God.

Sometimes, in my rambles, I would take the road leading to Pittsfield. In a few minutes I would attain a sufficient elevation to tempt me to tarry and take a view of the scene. With rapture I would gaze upon the fields running away up to the tops of the mountains, dotted over with trees, burdened with corn, ripening for the harvest. Yonder, in the valley, was a fine growth of wood, the trees waving in the morning breeze. All around it were greenest fields, with an undulating surface, smiling as the golden sunbeams shot down upon them. Beyond these were still other fields and groves. The hills all around were covered with trees, grass, or ripening grain. In the valley was the little village of Lebanon, reposing as quietly as a beautiful bird in a green tree.

Walking on some hundred rods further, the scenery was equally beautiful, though the aspect was greatly changed. In an opposite direction, at a certain point, you could take in, with one sweep of vision, miles of the most beautiful and sublime scenery. It was difficult to say at what point the view was the best; for, if you travelled a hundred different directions, you would find the scenery different at every point. One moment you would think, "it is most beautiful here;" and the next, having changed your position, the most beautiful. The surface was so rounding and full in its undulations,—wave rising on wave,—and there were so many of them, and so different, that you could only say, "it is all beautiful, all glorious," reminding one of the changes of countenance with some beautiful women, each one beautiful, and yet difficult to say which the most beautiful. It is said that there is but a step from the sublime to the rediculous; and in one of my rambles I had an illustration of the fact. At the hotel I had been introduced to a fat, good-natured gentleman of sixty! He had formerly been a merchant in Boston; and, having accumulated a large fortune he retired from business, and purchased a farm some twenty miles from the city. He built him a splendid house and other buildings, and then employed an experienced farmer, and commenced the cultivation of his land. But, contrary to the expectation of his neighbors and friends, he studied agriculture, not that he might make his home more attractive and beautiful to the mind and heart, but so productive that his family would find ample support, without using his vast income from railroad, factory, and bank stock, and rents from buildings, &c. To have flowers growing about his house he thought entirely superfluous; but he entered largely into the cultivation of grapes because they would sell readily and at a high price. In front of his house was a large field, nearly level, containing six acres. He studied some time how to turn that to the best advantage. He finally prepared it for an onion-field and, in due time, it yielded him great profits.

On one of the most beautiful mornings in October, I arose early, and went to the top of a high eminence, to see the sun rise. Not a cloud was in the heavens, and the sky was of the deepest blue, and the green earth was free from mist and fogs. There was a hill covered with woods between me and the sun; and it was higher than the one on which I stood, so that I could not see the sun when it first appeared above the horizon. But I was amply repaid for the loss; for the golden king flashed his burning rays through the trees, and lit up the woods with a strange fire,—for they looked red and glowing, and there was no smoke or cinders to obscure the beauty and grandeur of the scene. I was in raptures, and wanted some dear friend to share my joy. In a few minutes, the sun rose proudly above the hills, and poured his rays down upon the valleys of Lebanon, covering them all over with smiles. I gazed around me happy and blest, drinking in largely of this soul-reviving nectar of the gods, of which the valleys were brimming. Some two hundred rods from where I stood I saw my fat acquaintance, gazing about him as though he was as much enraptured, as I. He had chosen his point of observation well, for miles of the most beautiful scenery could be taken in at one view. He saw me, and directed his steps towards me; and I, at the same, towards him. We soon met, when he said:

"Good morning, Mr. Eaton; a fine breezy morning."

"Very beautiful," I replied; "and I have enjoyed it richly."

"Well, so have I; for it is healthy, and gives one a sharp appitite for breakfast. A good breakfast and a good appitite are capital things, Mr. Eaton."

"Very true; but this scenery is so magnificent and enchanting that the soul may feed upon it.

"Why, yes, the scenery is well enough, I suppose; but it's lonesome, rather lonesome, Mr. Erton,—not after my sort, exactly."

"But, don't you think that such a scene as is here spread out before us is eminently adapted to the wants of man's higher and better nature?"

"Well, I don't know about man's higher and better nature; I never discovered it yet, and I have had some dealings with the animal in my day;—selfish, all selfish, Mr. Eaton."

"But you beleive in it, do you not?"

"Can't say as I do. It will do well enough to talk about. It's what they call poetry, I make no doubt, Mr. Eaton. I can get enough to feed on down to the Columbia House; but this scenery would starve a cat,—yes, starve a cat, Mr. Eaton. Ha! Ha!"

"But you think it beautiful, Mr. ——?"

"Tolerably so; but I don't think it's well managed, this land around here. Now, there's a fine valley down there; why, there is as much as ten acres in that ore field, and scarcely a stone in it. Well, sir, plough that up, and manure it well, and plant it with onions, and you could raise,—let me see,—sixty hundred bushels; and they would look so green and pleasant, all growing in such beautiful, long, straight rows;—there's nothing like it sir. When they are ripe, you could take them right to Albany, and put them on board a boat, and send them to New York City, and get your cash; besides, they are excellent cut up in vinegar for salid, and I like them *biled* to eat with roast beef. But fried onions with pork, is the greatest union dish. Did you ever eat them fixed in this way? Luscious, sir, luscious! They make my mouth water to think of them. I wish I kept the hotel down there. I'd have them every day."

"There rather fragrant," I remarked.

"I know they are, but I like it; you can smell them a great ways; I always feel when I inhale fragrance, as though the spirit of my home welcomed me to dinner. I have a fine onion-field in front of my home,—it's magnificent. When I bought the place, I found six acres all in one piece, and precious little was raised on it; and I ploughed it up and planted it with onions. And—would you beleive it, sir?—I raised last year forty-five hundred bushels of onions, which brought me, on the spot, twenty-two hundred and fifty dollars! I have got a new field, this year, which will yield me a thousand bushels more. That's the way to farm, sir; turn your land to some profit."

"Don't you raise anything but onions?"

"O, yes! I sold forty bushels of grapes last year; and I raised sweet potatoes and corn,—but cheifly onions."

"Will sweet potatoes grow in Massachusetts?"

"Yes, but they are not very sweet. I raise a few for my own use, and a hundred bushels of other kind; but nothing like onions."

This was utilitarian enough, in all conscience; and, although he had sadly interrupted my train of thought, and introduced one which, under the circumstances, could not have entered my mind, I did not care to continue the conversation; so I left him to his profound meditations. I wandered some distance before our breakfast hour, but I could not bring back the feelings which I had before I received my lesson on the virtue, productiveness, and profit of onions. "And such," thought I, "are the emotions of some people when surrounded with those things which are the most magnificent and beautiful." I met my pursy friend again at the breakfast-table, and I can bear ample testimony to the sharpness of his appetite. But reader, having given you a taste of the rediculous, I will try and take the necessary step, and return once more to the sublime; if, perchance, I had reached that elevated position.

Some mornings, when I rambled while yet the dawn was but just glimmering in the east, I was transported with the strange melody which the winds played upon the harp-strings of the mountains. A million trees, swept by the invisible fingers of the breeze, viorated in unison, sending forth a continuous roar of rustling music. At other times the music, or the manner of performing it, was different.

On the hill-side a few trees shook and rustled, giving out notes few, but loud and distinct. Then wanton winds leaped across the valley, and made music there, which was soon joined in by the trees in the valley below; then a grove in the distance would catch the strain, and would be answerd by the trees on the top of the mountain. Anon, the hills, the valleys, and the mountains, all united in one grand chorus. It was like listening to a solo, then a duet, a trio, quartette, and finishing with an anthem, with full chorus. Down the sides of these mountains leaped many babling streams, and, in their course, they had gulleyed out the hills, making deep ravines and beautiful glens. In these ravines were tall trees, showing that the torrent had done its work many years ago. I often lingered in these glens, where the light was so dim when without the world was blushing in sunlight. I lingered and listened to the liquid notes of the leaping brooks, and queried how many years had passed away since they pushed out those large masses of gravel and slate-stone, forming the deep ravine, which should darken more and more as the trees sprang up, increasing in size and number. All these things were matter of interest and study to me. In the great city I sought for an alleviation of my sorrows in vain. Here there were so many things of interest, instructive, beautiful, that at times, I forgot my troubles and disappointments. Here I felt that I could commune with God, and worship Him in the beautiful temples which his hand had erected.

There are a number of springs at New Lebanon, and their temperature is very different, ranging from warm to very cold. The coldest is but a few degrees above freezing, in the hottest days of summer; while the warmest pours out water enough to keep the machinery of a small satinet factory moving the year round. And they are not troubled with ice anywhere about the mill, for the warm water from the spring keeps the stream clear from it.

I have since been at New Lebanon in the month of December, when it was extremely cold, and the little pond of water below the warm spring was entirely clear from ice, and there was quite a steam arising from its surface. I half fancied that it was old Nick's wash kettle, and he had got his fire kindled under it; and I expected soon to see it boil. I went and put my hand into it, and found a very agreeable contrast between the cold, frosty air and the warm water.

While at New Lebanon, I frequently visited that strange class of people called Shakers. This was the first settlement formed in the country. Ann Lee, or Mother Ann, with a few devoted followers, pitched their tent here. She met with some presecutian. In a two story red house, about a mile from the Shakers village, she was tried for certain misdemeanors, and the Shakers say that she was dragged down stairs by the hair of her head. She then propbesied the time would come when there would be Shakers worship in that house. The prophecy proved true; for, many years after her death, the house was offered for sale, and the Shakers bought it, and then they had a glorious time; for they danced, sung, exhorted and prayed, in every room in the building, from the attic to the cellar.

I was pleased with the neatness and taste everywhere displayed about their premises. Their buildings were all in good order, and every room like waxwork. The same care was taken of the out-buildings. Some of their barns were models for the saving of labor and strength. It did one good to go into them, they were so clean; and then the cattle and horses were in such good condition. They did not look as though they were half-starved, over-worked and shamefully whipped. Evidently the best care was taken of them; and there are very many people who would do well to copy after the Shakers, and learn to treat with kindness all the creatures of God.

The Shakers early adopted the community system, and it has succeeded well for them. Everything shows a reasonable degree of prosperity and success. Their fields are well cultivated, and all things seem to move on harmoniously; and, from all that I saw of them, I conceived them to be an honest, sincere people. The idea which many entertain, that they are false to their profession, I believe to be erroneous. To prevent the passions from being excited, or the awakening of carnal desires, the utmost precaution is observed. The dress of the sexes is so fashioned that the form loses its natural voluptuous appearance; and this is designed that the passions may not be excited. The dresses of the women are cut high in the neck and extend to their feet; the waists are very short and slightly gathered, making the wearer look long, lean, and lank, and, like some of Dickens' females, which he so graphically describes, all the way of a bigness. There is no probability of the Bloomer costume being adopted by the Shakers. They would regard it as a device of the devil, and would look upon it with all the horror of the many very prudish old maids of both sexes. The Shaker women usually wear neck-cloths, which are closely buttoned up to the chin. They wear white caps upon their heads, fitting close and smoothly, and jutting out in front some two inches, concealing a side-view of the face.

In the summer season, on Sundays, their dresses are white; and, should they be seen in or near a grave-yard, with their lank faces, pale, sallow complexion, and sunken eyes, they would most likely be taken for a company of dead folks, who had come out of their graves to take the air.

The same caution is observed in the dress of the other sex. The fashion of either is anything but pleasing or beautiful. When nature arrays herself, we always observe that her garments are fashioned in the most pleasing and delightful manner. We are ever charmed with the simplicity and beauty which smile from every valley, and look down from every tree. In their season her robes are gorgeous, enriched with a thousand colors and beautiful tints. Her appearance is ever lovely, ever inviting. Nature's children love her so well, and believe her so wise and perfect, that they delight to copy after her. The Shakers, living in the continual violation of her laws in relation to the sexes, and the dearest and most holy social relations must, of necessity, set her example at naught in the fashioning of their apparel. The sexes are not allowed to clasp each other by the hand, or exchange any of those little endearments and courtecies which are so natural and so pleasing. A man is never allowed to travel or be alone with one woman; but he can travel with two, or two men may travel with one of the other sex. The women salute each other with holy kisses, so also the men. On pleasant days, they hold meetings on the tops of the mountains, and parties, miles apart, toss holy kisses at each other. Their worship consists in marching, dancing, whirling and singing. They will whirl for hours, and at last fall down in what they call a trance. In their jumping they throw themselves into the most grotesque and surprising shapes. Whirling for a great length of time, and jumping, &c., only occur when they are filled with the spirit, and when they "get up the power."

In the Shaker Godhead there is a quaternity, instead of a trinity,—four persons, instead of three. The first is the eternal Father, and the second Ann Lee, the eternal mother; the third the Son, and the fourth the Holy Ghost. All who have not had an opportunity to hear the Shaker gospel in this world will have it proclaimed to them in the next. Very many of the great men, kings, statesmen, orators, generals, &c., have heard the gospel since they died, and have become believers and leaders in the Shaker bands of the spirit-world. The patriarch Abraham is one of their first and best; so they sing,

"Father is a leader;
Let us all be true, that
We may have a portion
Of Mother's love and bless sing."

In singing they perform but one part the air of the tune; and, as many of the voices are not adapted to the air, and can only reach it with a great deal of effort, the effect it anything but pleasing. They have a sounding-board overhead, and I heard them sing some tunes which run very high; and noise was hideous,—more like screeching than singing. Their tunes and songs, in known and unknown tongues, are all given by inspiration. To do them justice, some of their music is excellent; and, as the Shakers sing it with great spirit, it sounds well, if the voices are not strained up to an unnatural pitch.

The Shakers are all spiritualists, and they receive continually light and instruction from the spirit-land. With the exception of Shakerism, they represent the immortal world very much the same as the spiritualists of to-day. Good and evil spirits are there; and both classes visit this world,—the former for benevolent, and the latter for evil purposes. Mother Ann has her wine-press, and she sends wine to the most faithful Shakers, and they actually get drunk on the wine of the spiritual kingdom. According to some modern spiritualists, the spirits in the other world, or in another sphere, who love intoxicating drinks, gratify their appetites by entering the bodies of the intemperate here, or by inhaling the vapor of spirit; and no lock and key can keep them out of wine-cellars, or any place they choose to enter; so the Maine law will not save them, and legislators who are interested in the welfare of spiritualists should take the matter into consideration.

There are only a portion of the Shakers who get drunk on Ann Lee's wine, and they are a class of persons such as may be found everywhere, who are naturally mesmeric subjects, who may be said to be in a negative state or condition, instead of positive, and so they are easily affected, thrown into trances, bewitched, cured of scrofula by seventh sons, and formerly by kings and princes; they see ghosts, and visit the spirit-world; they are quickly excited and alarmed; and men of powerful minds, who are zealous, can excite them to despair, and sway them to and fro, as they please. Meats, cakes and many other things, are sent from the spirit world to the Shakers; and a highly gifted one, called a Visionist, will take them and pass them round to such as are gifted sufficiently to receive them. The pantomine which follows is most absurd and ridiculous; for they go through all the motions of receiving food, and eating and drinking. The really gifted are, in truth, the negative or mesmeric. The spirits of all nations, times, states and condition visit the Shakers; and, for some reason,—and what it is I know not,—it becomes a duty to take in these wandering spirits. Each Shaker will recieve a spirit into his body, and then he is under the control of the spirit he has recieved, and will act as it directs, or as it was in the habit of doing in this world. The effect is ludicrous in the extreme.

The treatment of dumb animals by the Shakers, their order and neatness, is well worthy of attention and imitation. Strict abstinence from all sexual pleasures is the main idea of their religion. They are the only people of God; for they live free from the "*lusts of the flesh.*" They have "put off the old man which is corrupt according to the deceitful *lusts*," and have "put on the new man which after God is created in righteousness and true holiness." They are the "hundred and forty-four thousand" who are to follow the Lamb, spoken of in the fourteenth chapter of Revelation.

A number of times I was present, and witnessed their manner of worship. The room in which they held their meetings, was perfectly neat; the floor white, and it had been scrubbed till it shone. On one side of the room were seats for visitors, those out of the gospel. The seats for the Shakers were light, movable benches; and when they dance or marched, the benches were moved back. When the male Shakers entered their place of worship, they all took off their coats, and hung them up on wooden pegs; so there were a hundred coats, all made alike, hung on a hundred pegs, exactly even, and at just such a distance from each other. The Shaker women all had neat white folded handkerchiefs in their hands, and they held them precisely alike. Part of the room was occupied by the men, and part by the women there being about three feet between them. They stood in ranks, the men and women face to face. The tallest Shakers were in the centre ranks, the next tallest in the next rank, and so on to the last.

Their exercises, dances, songs and exhortations, vary from Sabbath to Sabbath. Sometimes they sit down on the portable benches, and sit perfectly still; and then arise, and, without noise or confusion, move back the benches, resume their places, and as soon the singers (some six or eight of the brothers and sisters, who stand apart by themselves) strike up a tune or song, they commence a march or dance. The palms of their hands are held towards their faces, and as they dance or march

they swing them up and down in perfect time. Their steps in dancing are very simple; not light and graceful, but the motion might be considered springy walking. They would move towards the centre, and then back, singing,

"Joyfully we will advance,
And in his praises sing and dance;
On the sea of glass we stand,
With harps of glory in our hand."

This was continued some time, and when they stopped one of the elders made a speach, or gave an exhortation. After this they had a march, and then a lively dance, with a shuffle. The words sung were, as well as I can remember, the following:

"I love to dance, I love to sing,
I love to be a Shaker;
I never knew the grace of God,
Until I was a Shaker," etc. etc.

When they had danced until they were weary, another elder made a speach, in which he said that Christ required the people to become like little children; and he thought the Shakers were Chrits's disciples, because they walked about with the carelessness of little children, instead of being stifl and nicely dressed, and preaching from elegant pulpits. The elder spoke of "*starched, stiffed-up pulpits*," but I presume he meant elegant. "Such ministers and people," said he, are "carnel," and not spiritual; they are in a state of *natur*, but we are like little children, and have entered the kingdom; and let us, like them, march on our heavenly way.

They then commence a circular march, moving in a manner which would show, in their apprehension, that they were really and truly the little children of the kingdom. Their bodies were inclined forward, their arms at right angles, and as they went swinging, tearing and springing along, you would have supposed that their joints were all nicely connected with patent elastic springs, so that they could bob up and down without the least inconvenience. All the time they were swinging their hands, as though they were very warm, and were bound to keep the air in motion. At times I was strongly inclined to laugh, the whole thing seemed so much like a solemn burlesque; but the sharp eyes of some of the sisters were placed upon me in solemn rebuke, and I endeavored to keep my countenance, and observe due decorum.

Old Antichrist frequently troubles the Shakers, and when he seriously interrupts their spiritual communion and worship, they take measures to drive him off; they will all shake and stamp in the most violent and ridiculous manner, the whole family uniting, old and young. The visionist receives when he is fairly shaken off and conquered; and then the following song is sung and danced with great animation:

"Come life,—Shaker life!
Come life eternal!
Shake, shake out of me
All that is carnal.
I'll take nimble steps,
I'll be a David,
I'll show Michael twice
How he behaved."

Here is a specimen of an unknown tongue, which is sung as a chorus to some of their songs,

"Vi a lo vi al le,
Vi al le a lando,
Vi al lo vi al le
Vi al le a lando,"

While this is being sung, they dance what they call the round dance. They run in a measured step, and suddenly stop, and face about and shuffle. This is continued as long as the singers have the gift; or in other words, until they are weary.

I could relate many other interesting and absurd things of the Shakers, such as the jerks, dumb devils, mortification gifts, the visits of the devil the calling in of good spirits, etc.; but perchance the reader will scarcely pardon the digression I have made. Part of these things I saw, and part I learned from a man who had lived with the Shakers from a child until he was twenty-five. At that age he left them, but still remained at Lebanon.

On the first of November I bade farewell to my new acquaintances, and returned to New York city. I did not so much regret leaving New Lebanon Springs as I might have done at some other season of the year. The frost king had been there, and despoiled the forests of their glory and beauty, and laid the loveliest things low in the dust. The heavy winds went sweeping over the mountains, tearing every leaf from branches which had been clothed in such sweet comeliness; and the trees trembled and shook in the frosty blast, as though they stood in great fear of the increasing cold, stripped of their coats of beautiful green; and they sent forth on the wings of the rushing tempest a mighty wail over their desolation. I had no heart in this; for it seemed to me that my inner life had come out and daguerreotyped itself upon nature, changing its sweet face, and leaving it in grief and ruin; so I left all those once enchanting scenes in their desolation, and went to Hudson, where I took the boat and sailed down the North river, landing once more in the great city.

Ernest and Irene were married at the time appointed and, agreeably to their wishes, but not according to their expectations, Ernest was immediately offered a partnership with Mr. Dinneford, which he thankfully accepted. He rented soon after, a neat and commodious house, and took his mother home to live with him. With little inclination to return home, I spent the winter in visiting different cities, staying a few weeks in each. I went to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. At the latter place I remained two months, occupying my time in listening to the debates in Congress, visiting places of interest and amusement, and making new and agreeable acquaintances. In April I returned to New York, where I remained until May, boarding with Mr. Brown. At his house I found a pleasant home; but I could not enjoy it, for there was a continual yearning in my soul for something purer and holier than I had yet tasted,—for mutual, faithful love. Travel, excitement, amusements, book, interesting scenery and friends, would not satisfy the cravings of my nature; I must have something more. I must love and be loved, or seek for happiness in vain. Sometimes I half envied Ernest, and blamed myself for having given up Irene. She was such a pattern of a wife that to dwell in her family for a brief space would make any bachelor discontented with his state of single wretchedness. Mr. Dinneford expressed himself well pleased with Ernest; nevertheless, he said that it was a severe disappointment at the time, for he had set his heart upon having me for a son-in-law, and a partner in business. Ernest and Irene often rallied me on my dejected appearance, but I kept the cause therefor to myself. That they surmised it I half suspected.

I was so well pleased with the scenery at Lebanon, in the autumn, that I resolved to return in the spring. May I regarded as a fitting season. When I sailed up the Hudson the trees were in blossom, and the young leaves were richly enrobing the branches, where gay birds poured forth gushes of song and glad melody, which made the woods and fields and glens to ring and rejoice with music. When I arrived at the Springs the season was more backward. But the fields were green, and the buds, on a million naked trees, were just ready to open, and clothe them all in robes of virgin purity and beauty. But what availed all this beautiful scenery? It did not fill up that aching void. I was as restless as Noah's dove, when she swept over the vast expanse of waters, but could find no rest. I had received letters from home, urging me to cease my wanderings and return to those who would give me a fond welcome. I resolved to go.

On the twentieth of May I left Lebanon, and travelled to Boston, by the way of Pittsfield, finding much to interest me in old Berkshire, the roughest and healthiest county in the Bay State. In Berkshire the scenery is wild and grand. It was interesting and awe-inspiring to gaze upon those old mountains, which have stood from century to century, resting their heads against the sky, and washing their wild locks in the waters of the storm and thunder-cloud. The air was bracing and strengthening. Sweeping down, pure and fresh, from the jagged hills and mountains, it was very refreshing and reviving to one who had spent months in cities.

At home I received a most cordial welcome. Mrs. Stewart actually wept for joy. Contrary to my expectations, I there found Helen Means. She was on a visit to Mrs. Stewart, which was to extend to a number of weeks. I was too happy to see her again to feign coldness; and, had I wished it, I should have found it a difficult task. I could not doubt that she was truly glad to see me, for it was evident that she found it difficult to refrain from weeping. Laboring on the farm, and with her society, and that of my brothers and sisters, and Mrs. Stewart's motherly care, my time passed very agreeably. A few weeks spent in the company of Helen convinced me, more and more, how utterly impossible it was to expect happiness in this world unless she became my wife. I might endure life while she remained single—but if she should marry another!—the very thought was madness. But what had I to hope? She had twice refused me, and I had pledged myself not to urge my suit again; and yet I could not for a moment forego the idea that I should yet win the priceless jewel.

While Helen remained I was measurably contented, but as soon as she was gone I found life a burden. In vain I cultivated the acquaintance of the young ladies in the neighborhood; in vain I sought relief in interesting books,—procuring the newest and most fashionable novels,—all would not do. Previous to Helen's departure, she asked me if the year was not almost gone, and invited me to visit them very soon. I resolved that I would do so as soon as we should have finished haying. I might have gone before, but my pride held me back.

TO BE CONTINUED.

It is singular what a little thing will put a man out. A Jersey City lawyer was making a high-flown speech the other day, telling about angels' tears, weeping willows, and silent tombstones, when His Honor said: "Confine your remarks to the dog-fight case." The lawyer sat down.

Several Irishmen were disputing one day about the invincibility of their respective powers, when one of them remarked: "Faith, I'm a brick."

"And indade I'm a brick layer," said another, giving the first speaker a blow that brought him to the ground.

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J. J. LINGLE, Attorney at Law Osceola, Clearfield County, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Clearfield and Centre Counties, 5-6-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

J. S. BARNHART, Attorney at Law. Collections and all other legal business promptly attended to, Office, 2nd floor over Bank of Wm. P. Reynolds & Co. v5n7-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v4n27-1y.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public, Military Claim Agent and Conveyancer, will attend faithfully to all business entrusted to his care. Office Nearly opposite the Court House, two doors from the Law-Office of Messrs Bush & Yocum. n4v20-1y.

ADAM HOY. JAMES T. HALE
HOY & HALE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business submitted to them with promptness and dispatch. Special attention given to Orphans Court Practise and Collections. Remittances promptly made. v4n42-1y

D. G. BUSH..... GEO. M. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v5n4-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. CYRUS T. ALEXANDER
ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street.

J. P. GEPHART,
WITH
ORVIS & ALEXANDER,
attends to collections and practice in the Orphans' Court. v5n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

AUGUSTUS HIBLER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence near the Quaker Meeting House. Will attend to all business in his profession at all times and at all hours. v4n23-1y.

GEORGE F. HARRIS, M. D., Physician and Surgeon; Pension Surgeon for Centre Co., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on High street, North side, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n4-1y.

JAMES H. DOBBINS, Physician and Surgeon. Office up stairs in J. H. McClure's building, Bishop street, Bellefonte, Pa. Will attend to all business in his profession, faithfully at all times and all hours. v5n2-1y.

DRS. T. R. & E. F. HAYES, Physicians and Surgeons, offer their professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office over *Watchman* office. Residence last house on East Linn Street v5n3-y

GEO. L. POTTER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, offers his professional services to the citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity. Office removed to house formerly occupied by Mrs Livingston, on Spring street, two doors South of Presbyterian church. mar16'70-tf.

J. C. McENTIRE, Dentist, notifies his friends and the public generally, that he has opened an office for the practice of his profession, in the brick building opposite the "Republican" office. All persons wishing Dental operations, teeth or repairs will please call. All I ask is a trial. Work warranted. 4-22-1y

S. BELFORD D. D. S.—Offers his Professional services to the citizens of Centre Co. Office over Wilson's Drug Store, one Doore Below Irwin & Wilson's Hardware Store. All Work intrusted to me will be Executed in the Best Manner.
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Upper Setts.....$15
Partial Setts $2 per tooth. Please give me a call. v3n-14

J. W. RHONE, Dentist, Boalsburg, Penn'a. In his office every Monday and Saturday of each week. Agent for the new improved Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Also Agent for the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. The Assets on 1st January, 1872, were $31,577,997 00. Its cash Receipts During the year 1871, were $15,565,644 77. The cash Dividends paid to policy holders in 1871, were $3,865,495 12.

☞ The ratio of Expenses (including taxes) to receipts during the year 1871, were only seven and eight-tenths per cent., which is much less than any other Company. 5-2-y.

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Treats all Cancers which do not involve internal organs under a guranantee. Empahatically no cure no pay. v5-n7-1y

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Annual Cash Income,.... 8,420,044,86
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115 BROADWAY, N. Y.

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AND IN ADDITION
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CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v5n2-1y.

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LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.
v5n6-1y

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Sewing Machine
THE GRANDEST PRODUCTION OF INVENTIVE GENIUS.

The new factory of the Howe Company is nearly completed, and
1000
ARE NOW BEING MANUFACTURED AND SOLD DAILY!
The total number sold last year, was 220,000, which far exceeds the sales of any other single machine.

THE ONLY MACHINE MADE ON THOROUGHLY SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.
Combining Strength, Simplicity & Durability with Lightness of Running.
It is superior to all in the following respects:
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2nd. Ease of management.
3d. Lightness of running.
4th. Non-liability to get out of repair.
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6th. Perfection of tension on both upper and lower threads, and the ease with which they are controlled by the operator. It makes a perfect Lock Stitch on all kinds of goods and never breaks the thread.
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The new improved HEMMER, FELLER, BRAIDER, QUILTER and GUIDE; Also, OILER, BOTTLE OIL, DOZ. NEEDLES, BOBBINS, &c., go with each Machine free of charge. In addition to these, we will give a Ruffler and an alpaca Hemmer with each machine, making more attachments than are given with any machine in use

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Do not fail to see
Our MACHINE
before purchasing. Full instructions given
We keep a full line of Sewing Machine attachments, Needles, Thread, Silk, &c. Our Machine Oil is a specialty. It is our own manufacture and we warrant it to excel anything in the market.
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PALMER & WOOSTER,
Office, Allegheny street, opposite the New Block, Bellefonte, Pa.
☞ ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. 5-22-6m.

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and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.
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EDWARD T. TUTEN,.....Editor.
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HON. ISAAC GORDON, of Jefferson County.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

HON. ROBERT W. MACKEY, of Allegheny Co

THE PLATFORM.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, renew their expressions of confidence in and devotion to the principles of Republicanism, and declare

First. That we heartily endorse and re-adopt the Republican National and State platforms of 1872.

Second. That the National Administration commands our continued confidence and is entitled, by its promotion of the best interests and prosperity of the Nation, to the earnest support of the people.

Third. That the administration of Gov. Hartranft calls for our warmest approbation. During the short time he has been in the Executive Department he has established a State policy which has justly endeared him to the people of this Commonwealth, and has amply justified the confidence we placed in him.

Fourth. That while earnestly in favor of Constitutional Reform, and of such a revision of our State Constitution as will make it an effective instrument in preventing and punishing the corrupt abuses that have crept in under our present system, we demand emphatically and especially, that whatever is done or left undone, the main purpose for which the Constitutional Convention was called, the absolute prevention of special legislation, shall be placed before the people as to secure their separate and exclusive expression thereon.

Fifth. That the reduction of the State debt from $41,000,000 to $26,000,000, the repeal of all State taxes on real estate, the establishment of schools for the support of soldier's orphans, the maintenance of our excellant and prosperous system of common schools, the establishment of the policy of paying off our debt at the rate of two millions a year, and the generally flourishing condition of our prosperous old Commonwealth, are evidences that the Republicans, during their twelve years control in Pennsylvania, have faithfully administered her affairs and that the reins of government may safely be left in their hands.

Sixth. That there should be rigid economy in the State and National Administrations, and the taxes should be reduced in both as rapidly as consistant with good government, the maintenance of the public credit and certain extinguishment of State and National debts.

Seventh. That the public lands belong to the people, and should be sacredly reserved for homes for actual settlers, and we pronounce against all further grants of these lands to corporations.

Eigth. That adequate provision should be made by law for the protection of persons engaged in mining and other hazardous forms of labor.

Ninth. That as retrenchment is required to lighten the burden of taxation and to continue reduction of the public debt, an increase of salaries is unwise, and we condemn without reserve voting for or receiving increased pay for services already rendered, whether in State or nation, and demand that the provisions of the late act of Congress, by which the salaries were increased, should be promptly and unconditionally repealed.

Tenth. That we heartily denounce corruption wherever found, and are sincerely desirous for honesty, economy and political purity in all official administrations. To secure this is the duty of every citizen; and to this end every good man should feel bound not only to participate in politics, but to labor actively to see that none but good men secure party appointments or nominations.

Eleventh. That the practice of loading the appropriation bill, essential to the support of the government, with objectionable legislation in the shape of amendments toward the close of the session is a prolific source of abuse and a fraud upon the people, and its reform is urgently demanded.

Twelfth. That as the country and home industry have uniformly prospered under a tariff so arranged as to afford both revenue and protection, the present tariff should be left undisturbed; and as all tariffs are levied primarily for revenue, it would be a poor government, indeed, which could not afford to arrange its details so as to encourage the growth of home manufactures, and the creation of a remunerative home market for all the products of our soil.

Thirteenth. That order and security in the States lately in rebellion must come through the stern enforcement of the laws enacted to protect life, liberty, and freedom of thought, and cannot be secured by rendering these just and necessary laws inoperative through executive clemency to unrepentant assassins, now undergoing punishment in pursuance of law.

Fourteenth. That as, during the time the Republican party has been in power, it has had to confront graver difficulties and more new and perplexing questions of government, than ever were presented to any other party to solve, and has solved them so judiciously and wisely that the country indorses its decisions and accepts its work, it is the only organization competent to meet the grave issues that are now constantly arising, so as to secure the just rights of the whole people.

Fifteenth. That we sympathize with every movement to secure for agriculture and labor their due influence, interests and rights, and the Republican party will be their ally in every just effort to attain that end.

ON THE WING, No 7.

It is a very pleasent pastime to roam through the beautiful valleys in Centre county, and look at the homes of comfort and happiness. These great farms have been rescued from the primitive forest by stern men whose influence was very sensibly felt in framing the government of our beloved country. But we are led to look at something more than mere muscular force in connection with the early emigrants to our land. There were principles embedded in their souls which demanded the pure atmosphere of the new world in which to grow to perfection. These men desired "a church without a bishop, and a government without a king." The element that dethroned and beheaded Charles I, elevated Cromwell to the head of the government of England, was the leading element in the battles of the American Revolution. Bancroft remarks in his history of the United States, vol. 5, that "without the Calvinistic element engaged in this great contest, the American Revolution must have been deferred to a future generation." This element was found in the Presbyterian and Congregational denomination, in New England, New Jersey and Virginia. The Episcopalian being the religion of the State in a great measure, favored the mother country. Dr. Caldwell, Pastor of the first Presbyterian church of Elisabethtown, N. J., became the first chaplain of the Patriot army, and led the hosts of the "Round Heads" to prepare for the fight. His name was a tower of strength throughout the Presbyterian Church. And when the means of subsistence for the army were needed, and great embarrassment was felt by Washington in supplying his suffering troops. Dr. Caldwell became Deputy Quarter Master General, Head-Quarters at Chatham, New Jersey. His influence was felt wherever his name was known. He was at the battle of Springfield, and when the wadding was used up, (men made their own cartridges) he put spurs to his horse, rode to the Presbyterian church, filled his arms with Watts Psalms and Hymns, rode along the line, distributing these books as he went crying out "Now give them Watts, boys." At his head quarters he had the initials D. Q. M. G. painted in large letters over the door of his official residence. A waggish friend of the Quarter Master, called to see him one morning, and stood gazing at the large letters over the door. "What are you looking at, inquired the Doctor." I am looking at those strange letters over the door. "Well, what do you make of them?" continued the Doctor. "I do not know," his friend answered "unless they mean, Devilish Queer Minnisters of the Gospel." The spirit breathed by the Deputy Quarter Master, was the first which animated the whole Calvinistic body. This spirit of patriotic fervor was not born in America, but was warm in the soul, when those early settlers landed on our shores. This accounts for the fact of those lonely Scotchmen of Nittany Valley, grasping their muskets, and wending their way through the forests of Pennsylvania to the battle fields of the Revolution. It was the spirit of old Cromwell and John Knox cropping out in the New world. Such thoughts as these ran through my mind while sitting under the shadow of the great trees that conceal the pleasant residence of Henry McEwen, Esq., near Hublersburg. It is rare that a person finds a more beautiful spot for a residence than this.

There is a large spring in area, nearly as large as the great spring at Bellefonte, close in front of the house There is a large lawn between the spring and house, shaded by a majestic forest, trees stretching their huge arms far over the green grass, which in summer combines to form one of nature's grand temples in which a weary man may rest. Near the house are trees laden with fruit, fields covered with the golden grain, a variety of animal life, adding interest to the enjoyment of the thoughtful minds, while chatting pleasantly in the cooling shade. Henry McEwen is now in his 72nd year, and quietly spending the evening of his days in this truly pleasant home. This whole scene is in striking contrast with what it was when his Grandfather, Henry McEwen, of Scotch Irish blood, wended his way from Ireland to the primeval forests which have so entirely disappeared. The grandfather of the present occupant of this farm, came into Nittany on this side of the ridge, some years before Thomas McCalmont came on the Jacksonville side. They were, to each, their nearest neighbors.

As we turn into the lane near Kaufman's, we see a small log house, some fifteen feet square, standing in the rear of the present dwelling of Mr. K. In this log house, the present Henry McEwen was born. This little log house was the only one between Bellefonte and Mill Hall Gap. The infant cry of our neighbors, mingled with the barking of wolves and the screaming of panthers, which was the musical entertainment of his boyhood evenings.

When the Revolution of 1776 began, McCalmont and McEwen, the former for the army of Washington, and the latter for the army of Montgomery, started from the recess of these great forests. McEwen was present at the siege of Quebec. This was a specimen of the most reliable element of the revolutionary army. This stamp of manhood followed Washington in all the vicissitudes of the seven years war. Thus while these men were making a home, they were also fighting for liberty, both of which they were to transmit to their children. When this farm of which we are now speaking was first settled, and even during the boyhood of the present McEwen, their groceries must be obtained at Lewistown, forty miles distant, and the ladies must go there to do their shopping. And all this business must be done on horseback, as there were no roads. Their grain must be carried thirty miles to be ground, and their grain could be got to market only by floating it down the Bald Eagle Creek. A large ark would be made, a thousand or more bushels placed in it, and entrusted to the mercy of the stream. During the present generation an experiment of this kind was tried which was not a success. A thousand bushels had thus been placed upon one of these arks, and started on its perilous jonrney, one of the boatmen stopping to get a bottle filled with whisky, the ark ran against a snag, and down went the precious cargo, the result of a years' hard work. It is quite likely that these lines will meet the eyes of him, who still laughs at the dissapointment. But it was no laughing matter then. Some men would have used hard words, but whether the Elder swore we are not able to tell. If ever a man could be excused for saying hard words, this was one of the occasions. But very likely, thinking "there was no use of crying over spilt milk," he raised another thousand with better fortune. The farm of McEwen is not a large one, but is under good cultivation, is well stocked, with plenty of good fruit, and is easily managed, and gives good returns for the hard toil. This old gentleman like all other old men has passed through all the changes in the use of agricultural implements; and also through the changes in the style of living. And in this particular, changes as great as any other have taken place. In the early history of this county the greatest simplicity prevailed in regard to dress. But as wealth has increased, changes have taken place in the habits of living, which is by no means an index of the increased happiness of the people. There was pride then as now, but it was more easily gratified. A bustle in those early days would have been looked upon as a shocking deformity, while now it is esteemed an ornament. The tastes of people have changed with advancing fortunes. And yet there is no doubt but what a less proportion of the farmer's income is now demanded for the wardrobe of the family, than in the olden time. There is a good deal of primeval simplicity in the valley yet with which it is most pleasing to meet. It is very pleasant to enjoy the hospitality of those who have retained so much of the plainness of the olden time. You know you are welcome, and you are made to feel it, and enabled to enjoy it. Meditations like these pass through our minds, while seated in the shade of these grand old trees, in company with the pleasant family whose home is so genial. There was a way of settling disputes in vogue in the olden time which it might be well to restore to practice again. It was not on so grand a scale as the Geneva Tribunal, but equally bloodless, and so far worthy of respect. It would seem that the elder McEwen and McCalmont had a dispute. It was one of those affairs which sometimes disturb a neighborhood. One challenged the other to fight it out, not with pistols, but with the fist. The other demurred to such a mode of settling difficulties. And so declined the contest. And when pressed more seriously to fight, he compromised the matter in this way:—He said, there are a number of large rocks out in the field, and as you desire a trial of strength, we will go out and see who can lift the heaviest rock, and let that be decisive. This would have been preferable in the recent encounter which came so near murder.

Alpha.

The political bells are beginning to ring all around for the autumn campaign. Presently they will be heard tolling the funeral knell of Democracy.

Tears at a wedding are only the commencement of the pickle that the young folks are getting into.

——List of letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office, Sept. 22, 1873.

David Borrell, Mrs. Mattie R. Bond, Michael Burger, Martha Campbell-2, W. C. Heinle, Andrew Hoy, Wm. Musser, Jesse F. Osman, Mary Roberts, Jacob B. Raymond, Geo. Settle, John F. Smith, John Sanders, Geo. Smeltzer, Jesse Shutt, Sarah Ulrich, Sarah Milson, Emma Waliza,

MOUNTAIN CAKE.—To the yolks of six eggs, well beaten, add two cups of white sugar, three-quarters cup butter, one cup sweet milk, three-and-a-half cups flour, having in it one measure of Banner Baking Powder. Whites of two eggs beaten stiff. Bake in jelly cake pans. When cold spread each layer with an icing made with whites of four eggs, beaten stiff, one pound of powdered and one table spoonful extract of lemon.

Each can of the Banner Baking Powder contains a small measure to be used even full, according to printed directions. If you cannot obtain this really valuable article from your grocer, send twenty-five cents by mail, addressed to Banner Baking Powder, P. O. Lock Box., 517, Pittsburgh, Pa., and you will receive, postage paid, a quarter pound package, together with a list of fifty valuable Recipes.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

AUDITORS' REPORT.
D. K. Tate, Overseer of the Poor for year ending April 1, 1870.

DR.

Bal. due at settlement	$ 760 39	
Poor Duplicate for 1869	3194 41	
Proceeds of G. W. Smith's sale	60 33	—4015 13

CR.

Paid for mdz	$ 460 84	
" coal and wood	58 65	
" meat	214 81	
" bread	8 90	
" milk	9 00	
" boarding and nursing	1084 73	
" shaving	33 00	
" medicines	123 75	
" medical services	179 00	
" coffin, grave dig'g, &c	125 00	
" Justices orders	5 00	
" Rent and Taxes	69 23	
" grading lot	20 75	
Paid Attorneys fees and costs	141 70	
" Overseer Patton twp	28 00	
" for shoes and repairing	12 65	
" miscellaneous items	122 80	
" for publishing statement	78 00	
" Commissioners Centre co	200 00	
" W S Tripple, collector	155 59	
" Exonerations	82 66	
" D K Tate, salary	250 00	
" Wm Cook, overseer	325 00	
" Auditors	45 00	
Balance	181 57	—4015 13
Balance due Borough		$ 181 57

We the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bellefonte, do hereby certify that we have examined the account of D. K. Tate, Overseer of the Poor of said Borough for the year 1869, and declare the above a correct statement of the same.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHELL,
GEO. L. POTTER,
Auditors.

Wm. Cook, Overseer of the Poor, from April 1, 1870 to April 1, 1873, inclusive.

DR.

Rec'd fr'm D K Tate, late over'r	$ 225 00	
" W S Tripple, collector	2100 64	
" D McGinley, collector	4872 75	
Balance	923 28	—$7621 67

CR.

Paid for boarding and nursing	$2315 33	
" mdz	1582 84	
" clothing and shoes	176 45	
" stoves	13 00	
" coal and wood	325 12	
" meat	117 98	
" flour and bread	60 99	
" shaving	13 00	
" medicines	176 30	
" medical services	526 25	
" coffins, grave dig'g, &c	209 00	
" work on Underwood property	149 75	
" horse hire	34 50	
" expen's to sold's home	64 62	
Paid Overseer Boggs township	18 80	
" " Blair county	80 00	
" " Benner twp	78 97	
" " Halfmoon twp	158 25	
" collector of taxes	24 75	
" for duplicates	17 00	
" for Justices orders	24 82	
" for food, clothing, &c	483 51	
" miscellaneous items	219 43	
" Wm Cook, overseer, salary 3 years	750 00	—$7621 67
Balance due Overseer		$23 28

We, the undersigned Auditrs of the Borough of Bellefonte, hereby certify that we have examined the account of Wm. Cook, Overseer of the Poor of Bellefonte for the year 1870, 1871 and 1872, and that the above is a true and correct statement or the same.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHELL,
GEO. L. POTTER,
Auditors.

John P. Harris, Treasurer Bellefonte School District, from June 1, 1871 to June 1873.

JUNE 1, 1871 TO JUNE 1 1872.

DR.

Rec'd fr'm Wm S Tripple, col.	$ 1158 75	
" W McClellan, late Treasurer	532 73	
" D McGinley, coll'r.	6300 09	
" Wm Jones, collec'r	23 74	
" Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	281 70	
" Bonds	18903 35	—$27200 21

CR.

Paid W McClellan, late Treas	475 02	
" Teachers	3965 97	
" Janitor	188 00	
" for repairs	581 76	
" for stationery, &c	100 11	
" coal	379 61	
" mdz	86 23	
" duplicates 1870 and 1871	23 50	
" rent of school room	60 00	
" bonds and interest	14742 09	
" Jas H Rankin, salary	60 80	
" John P Harris, salary	150 00	
Balance	6522 09	—$27200 21
June 1, 1872, balance due school district		$ 6522 69

JUNE 1, 1872 TO JUNE 1, 1873.

DR.

Balance at last settlement	6522 69	
Rec'd tr'm W S Tripple, col'r	150 00	
" D McGinley, coll't	5847 82	
" Wm Jones, collect'r	48 47	
" Joel Johnston	76 80	
" concert	77 29	
" Common'h of Penn.	737 86	—$13382 85

CR.

Paid teachers	4738 50	
" Janitor	180 03	
" for repairs, &c	652 43	
" for stationery, &c	206 71	
" Furniture	18 00	
" for coal and wood	343 82	
" for mdz	67 82	
" for miscellaneous items	30 77	
" bonds and interest	6699 28	
" Jas H. Rankin, salary	10 00	
Balance	134 60	—$13382 85
June 1, 1873, balance due school district		$ 134 60

BONDS.

DR.

June 1st, 1871, bonded indebtedness	$29458 00	
June 1st, 1871, to June 1st, 1872, bonds sold	20000 00	—$49458 00

CR.

Bonds paid in 1871	$11700 00	
" " 1872	4558 00	
Balance	33200 00	—$49458 00
June 1, 1873, bonds unpaid	$33200 00	

We the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bellefonte, hereby certify that we have examined the account of John P Harris Treas. Bellefonte School District, from June 1871, to June 1873, and that the above is a correct statement of the same.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHELL,
GEO. L. POTTER,
Auditors.

James Harris, Treasurer of the Borough of Bellefonte for the year ending May, 1873

BOROUGH FUND.

DR.

Rec'd from Geo. Livingston, late Treasurer	$ 94 21	
" D McGinley collec'r	1920 33	
" Bonds and note	7872 87	
" Bellefonte Gas Co	647 00	—$10534 41

CR.

Paid G Livingston, late Tres.	$ 99 76	
" bonds, note & judgm't	6089 24	
" Bellefonte Gas Co	1173 10	
" for lighting lamps	173 85	
" for repairs to lamps, &c	60 89	
" for Hardware, &c	40 73	
" for stationery, &c	19 68	
" for coal and lumber	199 18	
" painting and att'g to cl'k	60 00	
" for printing	24 00	
" work on streets, bridge and crossing	1184 76	
" for rent of room	76 88	
" for Pinkerton's detective agency	637 86	
" Janitor, &c	11 70	
" regular & special police	425 49	
" for legal servi's & costs	92 77	
" Jas H. Rankin, salary	85 06	
" Jas Harris salary and stationer's	107 00	—$10534 41

We the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bellefonte, do hereby certify that we have examined the account of James Harris, Treasurer of the Borough of Bellefonte, for the year 1872, and that the above is a correct statement of the same.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHELL,
GEO. L. POTTER,
Auditors.

WATER FUND.

DR.

Received from Geo Livingston, late Treasurer	$ 82 72	
Rec'd from D McGinley, collec'r	3071 71	
" Bonds	7977 87	
" Pipe sold	34 31	—$5086 11

CR.

Paid C Strickland, salary	$ 180 00	
Paid C Strickland, work	1208 68	
Paid W P Duncan, repairs	272 23	
Paid for work at pipes	756 23	
Paid for work at engine house	261 27	
Paid for work at Reservoir	44 25	
Paid for hauling	16 25	
Paid for pipe and brick	1663 96	
Paid for freight on pipes	247 61	
Paid for hardware	148 84	
Paid for rent of room	70 83	
Paid for legal services	20 00	
Paid Jas H Rankin, salary	68 46	
Paid Jos Williams, Jr, salary	22 50	
Paid James Harris, salary and stationery	105 00	—$5086 11

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bellefonte, hereby certify that we have examined the account of James Harris, Treasurer of the Water Fund for said Borough, and that the above is a true and correct statement of the same.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHEL,
GEO L POTTER,
Auditors.

INTEREST FUND.

DR.

Received from Geo Livingston, late Treasurer	$ 507 90	
Rec'd from D McGinley, collec'r	5351 53	
Rec'd from notes in bank	921 10	—$6780 53

CR.

Paid interest on bonds	$4139 39	
Paid notes in bank	2459 92	
Paid James Harris, salary and stationery	107 00	
Balance	74 22	—$6780 53
	$ 74 22	

STATEMENT OF BOROUGH DEBT on MAY 1st, 1873.

LIABILITIES.

Bonded indebtedness	$76202 15	
Borough orders outstanding,	2724 15	
Water orders outstanding	2175 81	—$81102 11

ASSETS.

188 shares stock of the Bellefonte Gas Co., par value $25 per share	$ 4770 00	
Balance due on Duplicate for 1871	704 25	
Balance due on Duplicate for 1872	4236 42	—$ 9712 67
To Balance May 1, 1873		$71479 44

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Bellefonte certify that we have examined the indebtedness of this Borough, and find the above a true statement thereof.

ADOLPH LOEB,
ISAAC MITCHELL,
GEO. L. POTTER,
Auditors.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings caked-breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, earache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—this liniment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price, 50c. a bottle, large bottles $1.00. J. B. ROSS & Co.,
53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centennial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

E. F. Kunkel's celebrated Bitter Wine of Iron will effectually cure liver complaint, jaundice, dyspepsia, chronic or nervous debility, chronic diarrhœa, decease of the kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver, stomach or intestines; such as constipation, flatulence, inward piles, fullness of blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sore eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried or difficult breathing, flattering of the heart, choking and suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, dull pain in the head, deficiency or prespiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c., sudden flushes to heat, burning in the flesh constant imaginings of evil and great depression of spirits.

They are entirely vegetable and free from alcoholic stimulent and all injurious ingredients and are pleasent in taste and smell, mild in their operations, will remove impurities from the body, and give health and vigor to the frame.

Beaware of counterfeits. The genuine is sold only in $1. bottles.

Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere. E. F. KUNKEL, Proprietor. No. 230 North Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. 34-1m

THE Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the sea shore, from fresh selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely *pure and sweet.* Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market 37-4t

WE would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Horace Waters & Son, headed, "Waters Concerto Parlor Organs," and for a description of them we can't do better than to copy the following:

"THE WATERS CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS.—We are glad to chronicle any new thing, or any improvement upon an old one, that tends to popularize music by rendering its study either easier or more attractive. Lately our attention has been called to a new patented stop added to the Waters Reed Organ, called the Concerto Stop. It is so voiced as to have a tone like a full, rich alto voice; it is especially 'human' in its tone. It is powerful as well as sweet, and when we heard it, we were in doubt whether we liked it best in Solo, or with Full Organ. We regard this as a valuable additio to the Reed Organ.—*Laurel New Yorker.*

IF a man wants a bottle of Whiskey, let him buy it and take it home like a man, and not sneak home with a bottle of "Bitters," or "Cordial," and pretend that it is medicine. If he wants a tonic that is something better than a temporary stimulant, he should get a bottle of Peruvian Syrup, (an Iron Tonic,) that will vitalize the blood and give durable strength to ith system.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment

is a certain and positive cure for
WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING
which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all

EXTERNAL DISEASES

of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle,
DR. R. D. TIPPLE,
36-6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Kentucky & Great Eastern RALWAY COMPANY, FIRST MORTAGE, Seven per cent Gold Bonds,

Coupons payable February and August in Gold, in New York or Baltimore. For in currency: Secured First Mortgage executed to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., of New York, covering Company's Line, its Franchices, Equipments, Real and Personal Estate, at the rate of $15,000 per mile on the Road, extending from Cincinnati to Catlettsburg, the terminus of Chespeake and Ohio Road, 146 miles.

Governments, State, City, Railroad or any other marketable securities taken in exchange, at highest market rates, Without Commission, and K. & G. E. R. Bonds forwarded free of charge to purchaser. Pamphlets, Maps and full information will be furnished on application to

WM. FISHER & SONS,
32 South St., BALTIMORE,
Bankers, Stock and Note Brokers, and Fiscal Agents of the Company; Dealers in Government and Railroad securities in all the markets of the U. S.

—Or to Banks and Bankers throughout the country. 35-4t

A WATCH FREE

worth $20, given gratis to every live man who will act as our agent. Business light and honorable. $300 made in 5 days. Saleable as flour. Everybody buys it. Can't do without it. No gift enterprise, no Humbug.
KENNEDY & CO., Pittsburg, Pa. 37-4t

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Phila. Pa. 37-4t

MURDER?

No, we would only call attention to our WELL AUGER, with which a man can earn $25 per day in good teritory. It bores any diameter, and ordinary wells at the rate of 150 feet per day. Farm, Township and County Rights for sale. Descriptive book sent on receipt of 9 cents postage. Address AUGER CO., St. Louis, Mo.
L. C. HOOTER & CO.,
Washington, D. C., Gen'l Ag'ts for Penn., Virginia & Maryland. 37-4t

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR

Prof. Fowler's Great Work

On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual inter-relations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc.
Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies of this work a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc., NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 37-4t

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS.
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' Carbolic Tablets,
PUT UP ONLY IN **BLUE** BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by Druggists. 37-4w

"DOMESTIC" PAPER FASHIONS.

Agents wanted. Send for Catalogue.
Domestic Sewing Machine Co.,
New York.
37-4t

OLD MAIDS

Teachers, Students, Clergymen, Postmasters, and wide awake Young Men, and Men and Women of all classes:

You can easily earn a first-class Sewing Machine; or Books sufficient to stock a library; or some valuable Pictures to beauty your homes; a nice Stereoscope; or a good Time Keeper (Clock or Watch); or a Music Box; or a Gold Pen; or a Photographic Album; or a Stand Kerosene Lamp for your Parlor; or a Fine Accordeon; or Webster's Illustrated Quarto Dictionary; or Roger's World Renowned Statuary Groups; or a Fine Violin; or a Remington Rifle Cane; or a Remington Double Barrel Breach Loading Shot Gun; or a Cabinet Organ worth $146; by simple working up your unoccupied time in a way explained in the circulars of the M. H. P. Co. Perfectly legimate and respectable; many would say philanthropic.

Address H. M. P. CO.,
129 East 28th St. New York. 37-4t

P. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS,

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.

SPEARS' ANTI CLINKER STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF ANTI CLINKERS

SINGLE ROOM STOVES.

DOUBLE HEATERS for heating one or two rooms below, and same number above, very little higher in price, put up on short notice, guaranteed to suit. Susquehanna Cook Stoves guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven, &c. Full assortment of other kinds, and make Cash or short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO., want reliable and energetic Agents in this County. The "VICTOR" is a Lock-stitch, Shuttle Machine, with Self-setting Needle, best finished and most perfect Machine offered. An increase of over 500 per cent. on sales of 1872 over 1871. For Terms &c., Address,
VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO.,
35-4t. 1927 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Archy, dec'd., near, Ferguson twp. having been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.
THOS. F. PATTON.
JAMES DUNLAP.
34-6t* Ex'rs.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS

COUNTRY HOTEL

Situated at the foot of
PENNSVALLEY NARROWS,

In Union County, three miles from Laurel Run Station, on the L. C. and S. C. R. R. Has 55 acres Meadow and Farm Land, a Splendid Grove and Romantic Mountain Glen, running Water, a good large Stable and a good run of Custom
E. MOTZ,
35-tf Woodward, Centre Co., Pa.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS for the various districts, will be held as follows:—
For Potter at Centre Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday Sept. 10th and 11th.
Benner—Amagast's School-house, Saturday September 13th.
Marion—Jacksonville. Monday Sept. 15th.
Walker—Hublersburg, Tuesday Sept. 16th.
Miles—Rebersberg, Wednesday Sept. 17th.
Haines—Aaronsburg, Thursday Sept 18th.
Penn—Millheim, Friday Sept. 19th.
Gregg—Penn Hall, Saturday Sept 20th.
Harris—Bonisburg, Monday Sept. 22nd.
Ferguson—Pine Grove, Tuesday Sept. 24d.
Halfmoon—Stormstown, Wednesday Sept 23.
Potter—Waddles School-house, Thursday Sept. 25th.
Milesburg and Boggs—Milesburg, Monday Sept. 29th.
Howard and Curtin—Howard, Tuesday Sept. 30th.
Liberty—Eagleville, Wednesday Oct. 1st.
Taylor and Worth—Port Matilda, Thursday Oct 2nd.
Huston—Julian Furnace, Friday Oct. 3d.
Unionville and Union—Unionville, Saturday Oct. 4th.
Spring—Valentines School-house, Monday Oct. 6th.
Teachers will please attend the examination for the district in which they expect to teach, and come provided with paper, pen and ink.
All interested are Cordially invited to attend
Examination to begin at 9 o'clock, A. M.
R. M. MAGEE, Co. Supt.

$250 A MONTH easily made with Stencil and Key-Check Dies. Secure Circular and Samples, free, S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vt. 36-4t

Lumber etc.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL,

Manufactures and keep always on hand
White & Yellow Pine Flooring,
Weatherboarding, of various styles,
Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Moulding,
Brackets
Scroll Sawing of every description
nd Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a
BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER
Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from
THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from
Contractors,
Builders,
Dealers,
and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre Co., Pa.

Miscellaneous.

AUCTIONEER.—Samuel Parker offers his services to the people of Bellefonte and Centre county, as Auctioneer. He will cry all sales entrusted to him at reasonable prices.
Address SAMUEL PARKER,
4n-42ly. Bellefonte, Pa.

NATHANIEL BECK keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Cigars Snuff fine cut and plug Tobacco; also pipes and Cigar holders of every variety. Call and see. Next door to entrance of Bush House.

THE NEW ELASTIC TRUSS, *an important invention.* It retains the Rupture at all times and under the hardest exercise or severest strain. It is worn with comfort, and is kept on night and day, effects a permanent cure in a few weeks. Sold cheap, when ordered by letter sent to The Elastic Truss Co., No. 683 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Nobody uses Metal Spring Trusses: too painful; they slip on too frequently.
5-15-1y-eow

Livery Stables.

LIVERY STABLE!

WM. McCULLEY, begs leave to inform the citizens of Bellefonte and the public generally, that he has opened and is now keeping one of the largest and most extensive

Livery Stables in Bellefonte.

His horses are good and safe—his
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ARE
ALL GOOD,
and comfortable. His rates of hire are reasonable. He solicits the patronage of the public, and promises satisfaction.
WM. McCULLEY.
v4n33-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

JOBBING
And Commission Merchants!

Salt by the barrel	3.25
Salt by the sack	2.25
Best Rio Coffee	30cts per pound
White Sugar	13cts per pound
Men's Stoga boots	3.75 per pair
Men's Moose boots	3.50 per pair
Horse blankets	1.75 a peice
Men's Shirts	1.00 a piece
Army Pantaloons	2.75 a pair
Best double thick tobacco	35cts per bar
Best Navy tobacco	50 cts a bar

We are Wanamaker & Brown's agents and will furnish customers with any kind of clothes they want at Philadelphia prices.

We are agents for Sharples of Philadelphia and will furnish customers with any kind of Ladies' dress goods, Shawls &c., at city prices. We have the largest stock of Merchandise ever brought here. Cellar room and up stairs all full. Call and see for yourself and

SAVE FROM 20 to 50 PER CENT.

The highest market prices paid for butter, eggs, grain &c.

50 Different Kinds Men's Gloves.

BURNSIDE & THOMAS.

FOR SALE!

The property of the

BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y,

in the borough of Bellefonte, consisting of their ground and building, stock and foundations for boilers, foundations for engines, &c., with railroad connections running into the mill building. The water being comparatively

FREE FROM LIME,

is better adapted to

STEAM PURPOSES

than any other in this neighborhood. This situation is the most desirable of any in this region for manufacturing purposes. 27-tf

THE BELLEFONTE PRESS CO., Bellefonte, Pa., are now prepared to do all kinds of BOOK-BINDING at reasonable rates, having secured the services of a first class workman, and purchased all the necessary machinery. MAGAZINES, MUSIC PAPERS, Etc, bound on short notice. Old Books rebound to look as well as new. Rebinding of Old Family Bibles made a specialty of. A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on all orders received in the next two weeks.
R. A. KINSLOE, Manager.
SPECIAL RATES TO MINISTERS.

BINDERY IN BELLEFONTE.

WATCHMAKER!

THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friends and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solicitous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. P. C. RICHARD.
v4n28-1y.

The best preparation of Iron known to the Medical World.

Dr. J. S. Rose's Golden Pills.

Highly recommended by the leading Physicians, as the only proper form in which Iron should be taken.
If you are weak and debilitated, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you are nervous, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If your blood is thin, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want pure rich blood and bloom to the cheek, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have palpitation of the heart, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want energy, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want to sleep well, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you want a good appetite, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have a pain in the back of your head, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
If you have pain in your back, and bearing down pain, take ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS.
Read what Philadelphia Chemists say of Rose's Golden Pills.
ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the best and most valuable preparation of Iron. TWINING & SCHIEDT, Chemists, 123 N. Seventh St., Philadelphia.
LADIES, READ THIS.
I can, with the greatest confidence, recommend to those who are suffering from Female Weakness and General Debility, ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS. MRS. A. C. BURNS,
254 West Sixteenth St., New York.
I recommend DR. ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS to all who have weak backs or bearing down.
MRS. H. PRIFOLD,
813 North Fifth St., Philadelphia.
Ask your Druggist for ROSE'S GOLDEN PILLS, the Great Iron Tonic. Take no other. Sent by mail, 60 cents.
DR. C. P. ROSE, 3914 Chestnut St., Phila.
5-24-1y

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to me can will be attended to punctually.
4-27-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors he asks a continuance of public favor. 5-6-1y

JNO. D. BOURBECK

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attended to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16-1y

Boots and Shoes.

NEW GOODS!
AND
NEW PRICES

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

AT THE

BOSTON

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

No. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE.

PRICES LESS THAN AT ANY OTHER SHOE STORE IN CENTRE COUNTY.

CALL AND SEE US!

NO. 5, BUSH'S ARCADE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-25-tf.

LOUIS DOLL,
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH ST., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Has removed his Store from Felty's building, to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.
Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.
5-29-1y

Merchant Tailoring.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5-12-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET.
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by
WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.
Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.
He also keeps on hand a full line of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

MARVEN STEEPLE,
SCENIC, SIGN, LETTERING,
HOUSE PAINTER,
PAPER HANGER, &c.
Work done PROMPTLY and at the LOWEST CHARGES IN TOWN.
Can be found at Mrs. Zellers', Spring St., Bellefonte. v5-14-1y

JACOB SEIBERT,
BLACKSMITH,
REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

EVERY description of Blacksmithing done promptly in a workmanlike manner at low prices. 5-21-1y

FOR RENT.—A desirable House, on reasonable terms. Possession given on Oct. 1st, 1873. Apply to
J. N. MITCHELL,
Pine Grove Mills,
Centre Co., Pa.
30-3t

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,
NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,
HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,
Has just received a large invoice of
Spring Goods!
consisting of the best assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,
ever brought to Bellefonte.
Also, a large assortment of
CARPETS
LOWEST CASH PRICES!
Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.
5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment
NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a
Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,
Which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line of
Gents Furnishing Goods,
of every style and variety, consisting of
HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.
The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors, &c., on hand. This establishmet is also the headquarters of the
Singer Sewing Machine Agency.
JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

Stoves.

W. & L. WETSLER,
DEALERS IN
STOVES
OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS
TIN WARE
MANUFACTURED FROM THE
BEST QUALITY OF TIN,
AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING
a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA. 5-33-tf

LOGAN FOUNDRY
NEAR THE RAIL ROAD DEPOT
BELLEFONTE, PA.

It is with pleasure I inform the people Centre and the adjoining counties, that I am now prepared to make
HOUSE CASTINGS,
such as Sash Weights, Cellar Window Grates &c., of all sizes.
Grist & Sawmill Castings, Sled
Soles of all kinds, Plows, Plow Shares. I also manufacture the
IMPROVED WORTZ PLOW.
Also, Egg Stoves, Stove Castings, Oven Doors and Grates, Coal Grates for Pavements, Water Pipes, Wagon Boxes, together with every
VARIETY OF CASTINGS,
kept constantly on hand, or made to order. All orders filled promptly. Give me a call. Don't forget the place, near the Railroad Depot, Bellefonte.
GEO. A. BAYARD.
v5n1-1y.

A complete file of the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN may always be found at the offices of GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Advertising Agents, 40 and 41 Park Row, New York, who are authorized to represent us without city.

MISCELLANEOUS.

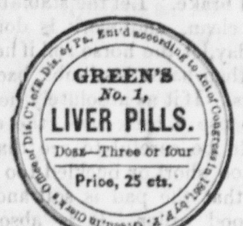
Clocks, Bronzes and Fancy Goods.
Watches, Plated Goods, Cutlery,
JEWELRY, STERLING SILVER,
v5n9-1y

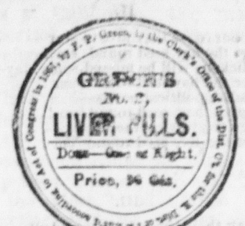
A Complete Stock of Choice Selections in every Department offered at Special prices, during the Summer season, while making alterations!

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

HAVING, for many years, been engaged in the manufacture of proprietary medicines known as GREEN'S No. 1 and NO. 2 LIVER PILLS, the merits of which have obtained for them a large sale. Other parties wishing to take advantage of the reputation these pills have gained, [illegible] of spurious imitation of the same. In order that there may be no deception, we request attention to the following:

ALL GENUINE Green's Liver Pills are put up in ROUND boxes, not oval, with the following Copyrigt label, any infringement of which will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.





And as an additional safeguard, a strip containing the following words is put around each box

Prepared only by F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa., without whose signature none is genuine.

ALL OTHERS ARE COUNTERFIET.

F. P. Green

Examine each box and see that it corresponds with the above description, and that the name is spelled correctly, thus: G-R-E-E-N, and *not* G-r-e-e-n-e.
Sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL in Bellefonte, only at my Drug Store, in Bush House Block, and by R. P. Rankin & Co., Allegheny, street. Forwarded by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of price.
All orders must be directed to F. POTTS GREEN, Bellefonte, Pa. v5n10-tf

James Welch & Co.

(OPPOSITE THE BUSH HOUSE,)

Dealers in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Gold Pens and Pencils, Pocket Books, Toys, Pocket Knives, Pictuie and Picture Frames.

A large assortment of Blank Books always on hand or procured to order. 17

ATTRACTIVE! NEAT! SUBSTANTIAL!

Fall Styles Ready!

MEN'S YOUTH'S BOY'S READY-MADE CLOTHING.

All Purchasers of Good Clothing are RECOMMENDED to supply their wants for the Fall and Winter Season from the Magnificent Stock of Elegant All Wool Garments NOW ARRANGED FOR INSPECTION In the Spacious Salesrooms of Oak Hall.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL,
THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA,
S. E. Cor. Sixth and Market Sts.,
Philadelphia.

Prices Remarkably Low! Samples, with Easy Rules for Self-Measurement sent to any address when written for.

Furniture.

REMOVED!

A. SCHROYER & SON,
DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS of FURNITURE,
HAVE REMOVED
from their old quarters in the Bush House block to larger and more suitable rooms
ON BISHOP STREET,
in the building recently known as the Farmers Hotel, where they will continue to keep the
THE LARGEST & BEST STOCK OF
FURNITURE,
COFFINS, &C.,
in Centre county, at the LOWEST PRICES.
COFFINS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.
FUNERALS ATTENDED WITH HEARSE.
THE MILESBURG HEARSE CAN BE SECURED WHEN DESIRED.
5-11-tf

FURNITURE WAREROOM.
Howard Street, Bellefonte, Pa.,
WHERE BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
STOOLS, &C.,
of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.
Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v5n1-1y. H. F. HARRIS.

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'73,1y.

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-29-1y

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

JOHN BRECHBILL,
Manufacturer and dealer in
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,
Keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment of Mattrasses, Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Bedsteads, &c. A very fine selection of
WALL PAPER,
will always be found at low prices.
v4n22-1y.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for
WHITE & YELLOW PINE,
OAK
HEMLOCK LUMBER.
Also, for
SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.
W. M. HOLMES,
Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. 3-47 tf

Agricultural.

☞ NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this Department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

'SCATTER THE HAY SEED ROUND 'EM."

AIR—"Carry the News to Mary."

I.

The office-seekers smell a mice—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
They think our barnyard's very nice—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
To please us is their only care—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
Just fill their pockets and their hair—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !

Chorus—Scatter, my boys—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
Scatter, my boys—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !

II.

Around our roost they love to stay—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
Some chickens will be missed some day—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
Bald headed, political hacks—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
They'd go to glory on their backs—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !

Chorus.—

III.

They soak their heads in hay seed oil—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
To burst our corn cribs how they spoil—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
They flatter us too much by half—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
We Farmers are not caught by chaff—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !

Chorus.—

IV.

Each hungry hack our roosters know—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
And when they see his face they crow—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
Oh, when she scents the hay seed "ile"—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
The brindle cow is seen to smile—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !

Chorus.—

V.

So at the Poll's they'll all be there—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
With lots of hay seed in their hair—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
With hay seed, too, we'll go along—
Scatter the hay seed round 'em !
We'll march five hundred thousand strong—
Scattering hay seed round 'em !

Chorus.—

Experiments of Feeding Hogs.

Mr. John W. Zigler, of La Porte county, Indiana, reports the results of two experiments made by him in feeding hogs, as follows: Thirty-two hogs were feed twenty-six days in an 8-acre lot. They consumed 193 bushels of unshelled old corn, 70 pounds to the bushel. Their aggregate weight at the beginning of the period was 6,420 pounds; at the end, 8,750; gain 2,330 pounds. When he commenced feeding the hogs were worth 3½ cents per pound, amounting to $224,70; after feeding 3.8 cents per pound, amounting to 332.50; gain, 107.80. The 193 bushels of corn at 35 cents per bushel, cost 67.55; net profit on the corn, $40.25. Every 4 3-5 pounds of (shelled) corn made one pound of pork. A live hog, weighing 428 pounds, lost by bleeding and dressing, 58 pounds, or a little over one-seventh of live-weight.

Mr. Zigler also fed to 15 hogs, on floor in pen, 100 bushels, by weight, of old shelled corn, in forty-two days. The aggregate weight of the hogs at the beginning of the experiment was 2,490, pounds, a gain of 1,770, pounds, or 2 4-5 per day on hogs averaging at the commencing 166 pounds. In the experiment 3 pounds of corn made one of pork, in the other 4 3-4 pounds. In the latter case the pork was sold for 10½ cents per pound.

Mr. E. Hersey, our correspondent for Plymouth county, Massachusetts, made the following experiment with a special view to ascertain at what size the gain was greatest in proportion to the amount of feed. To pigs, six weeks old, weighing 30 pounds each, cost, $6; they consumed 33½ bushels of Indian meal, 78 cents per bushel, $26.13; 6 bushels of fine feed, 30 cents per bushel, $1.80; 12 bushels of potatoes at 25 cents per bnshel, $3; cost of dressing, $2; total, $38.93. They were slaughtered when eight months old, and made 494 pounds of pork, which was sold at 8 cents per pound, amounting to $39.52; profit 59 cents. The feed was measured and the pigs weighed daily until they reached 100 pounds each; after that they were weighed once in a week. It was found that the increase of pork cost the least per pound, namely, 4 cents, live weight, when the pigs weighed about 100 pounds each, and the most when they were at their greatest weight.

PIGS.—We believe that there is nothing which will make small pigs thrive and grow so well as milk. Having a dairy, we make use of little else than milk and apples, and find that nothing is much better. Pure corn meal will not do so well as corn and oats, or corn and bran, in equal proportions by measure.

How to Treat Horses.

No one of the domestic animals is so much akin to men with reference to feelings and ambition as the horse, for when he sweats with a heavy load, when he gets into difficult places, and when he is hurt by his harness or saddle, he shrinks almo t in the same way that a man does. His nerves seem to be equally sensitive with ours, and especial pains should be taken to see tha this harness sets easily and does not gall him, and during hot weather the lighest rig possible should be used, and every superfluous strap removed. The harness of the horses drawing the street cars of New York is without breechen, back or belly bands; in fact, there is nothing but bridle reins, collar, and tugs, which is ample when horses plow, and also when put to a wagon, provided the ground is level and there is a good brake. Let the stable be airy and clean, and work is done for the day, let the horse roll if he will, and then bathe his limbs, back, and flanks. If it as absolutely necessary to use a back-band, the owner should be careful to see that it is not too short, or buckled too tight, and that the pad is soft and kept in good order. It is absolutely disgraceful for a farmer's horse to have a sore back, because it signifies that his owner is careless and cruel. A sore back is a serious annoyance, and three or four weeks with the best of treatment are required for a cure. If, however, the cause remains wholly or only in part removed and the healing scab is broken and irritated the sore may become almost incurable and the animal become of little value. It should be a good cause for criminal prosecution if the owner permits his horse to get into this condition. The remedy for old sores is pulverized burnt alum to eat away the proud flesh, and fresh ones soap suds, but, probaply lukewarm water is better. Harsh, irritated applications whether for outward or interior ills, should be avoided, for they indicate profound ignorance in him who perscribes.

SUCCESS WITH SHEEP.—The best way to get a good flock of sheep is to raise them, because there are but few chances to buy such sheep as will pay to keep, unless at a high price. He who has good sheep knows it as well as anybody else, and, as a general thing, if he offers to sell sheep, they will be culls. A beginner should buy a few good American Merinos, say from 20 to 50, and if they are really good—that is young and free from disease—there is more increase and money in them than in a flock of 500 culls, old, scabby, and otherwise unsound. In fact, such sheep are not worth the feed required to winter them, and the best use to make of them is to send them to the butcher, if that is allowable. By commencing with a few sheep a painstaknig man can learn how to manage them as fast as they grow, being like some school-teachers, who learn as fast as their scholars do. It will take from three to five years to learn the sheep business, and by that time the flock should be of respectable size. We hardly know of an instance of young men going blindly into the business with 500 heads who have not lost their whole investment.

SINGING TO CATTLE.—A good deacon, who was naturally a high tempered man, had been used to beat his oxen over the head, as all his neighbors did. It was observed that when he became a Christian his cattle was remarkable docile. A friend inquired into the secret. "Why," said the deacon, "formally, when my oxen were a little contrary, I flew into a passion and beat them unmercifully. This made the matter worse. Now, when they do not behave well, I go down behind the load, sit down and sing Old Hundred. I don't know how it is, but the psalm tune has a surprising effect upon my oxen."

A Western farmer, it is reported, refused to look at a simple sewing machine, recently, as he always "sowed his wheat by hand." He is said to be related to the man who did not want a threshing machine on his farm; "for," said he, "give me a harness tug or a barrel stave, and I can make my family toe the mark according to law and Scripture."

NINETEEN car-loads of corn were recently shipped by an Iowa Grange to Toledo, realizing from ten to twenty per cent above the usual profits. Encouraged by this the granges have called for more cars, and are going to construct elevators, buildings, machinery, etc., of their own.

The Idle Farmer.

Ralph Waldo Emerson, in one of his essays thus portrays the glory of the farmer:

"The glory of the farmer is that in the division of labor, it is his part to create. All the trades rest at last on his primitive authority. He stands close to nature; he obtains from the earth the bread and the meat. The first farmer was the first man, and all historic nobility rests on possession and use of land. Men do not like hard work, but every man has an exceptional respect for tillage and the feeling that this is the original calling of his race, that he himself is excused from it by some circumstance which made him delegate for a time to other hands. If he had not some skill which recommended him to the farmer, some product for which the farmer will give him corn, he must return into his due place among the planters. And the profession has in all eyes this ancient charm, as standing nearest to God, First Cause. Then the beauty of nature, the tranquility and innocence of the countryman, his independence and his pleasing arts—the cares of bees, of poultry, of sheep, of cows, the dairy, the care of hay, of fruits, of orchards and forests, and the reaction of these on the workman, in giving him a strength and plain dignity, like the face and manners of nature, all men acknowledge. All men keep the farm in reserve as an asylum, where, in case of mischance, to hide the property, or a solitude, if they do not succeed in society. And who knows how many glances of remorse are turned, this way, from the bankrupts of trade, from mortified pleaders in courts and senators, or from the victims of idleness and pleasure? Poisoned by town vices, the sufferer resolves: 'Well my children, whom I have injured, shall go back to land, to be recruted and cured by that which should have been my nursery, and now shall be their hospital.'"

Sowing Grass Seed in the Fall.

The *Rural World* replies thus to the inquiry of a young farmer, "can grass seed be sown in the fall?" If land is put in the right condition, we have no doubt it is a better time to sow grass seed in the fall than in the spring. Fall is the season when nature sows most of her seeds, and they vegetate freely, as we all know. We have heard some instances where timothy and herd's grass seed have been sown in the fall with the best success, and have never heard of a failure. We persume clover seed is as well or better adapted to fall seeding than the grasses, as it is encased in a very hard covering. We have known clover seed to keep in the ground ten years. A crop of clover, when ripe, was turned under deeply in the fall, and the field was sown with wheat and seeded to timothy. Ten years after a deep plow was giving to the field—the clover seed was brought to the surface and the ground was covered with young plants. This only shows how wisely the God of nature has provided for the preservertion of seed.

SOWING CLOVER IN THE FALL.—From a conversation of a couple of intelligent Honeybrook farmers, the other day, we learned that it is more desirable to sow clover-seed in the fall, than in the spring. The experience of both gentlemen went to show, that last year when the seed was sown in the spring, it was killed out by the late frosts, while that sown the fall before had gained such strength of root that it was not affected. We mention this matter, deeming it worthy the attention of our country friends, who wish to secure a good clover crop.

HOW TO INSERT SCREWS IN PLASTERED WALLS.—It often becomes desirable to insert screws in plaster walls without attaching them to any wood-work; but when we turn them in the plaster gives away and our effort is vain. And yet a screw may be inserted in plaster so as to hold light pictures, etc., very firmly. The best plan is to enlarge the hole about twice the diameter of the screws fill it with plaster of Paris, such as is used for plastering the tops of lamps, etc., and bed the screw in the soft plaster. When the plaster has set the screw will be held very strongly.

THE *Ohio Farmer* gets off the following: We like to see a farmer increase the growth of useful plants and shrubs around his house, but we do not like to see him use rails, poles and boards to prop a gate with.

A YOUNG man at a musical party being told to "bring out the lyre," brought out his mother-in-law."

It is told of a young gentleman, whom a maiden liked but her father didn't, that at a reasonable hour the old gent mildly intimated that the time for retiring had arrived. "I think you are correct, my dear sir," answered nineteenth century, modestly, "we have been waiting over an hour for you to put yourself in your little bed." The father retired thoughtfully.

A CHINESE maxim says:—"We require four things of a woman—that modesty play on her brow; that sweetness flow from her lips; that virtue dwell in her heart; that industry occupy her hands."

A country boy having come to Louisville for an education, being asked, what is a "strait?" horrified his teacher by replying, "It beats two pair." He is on the editorial staff of the *Courier-Journal*.

A brother in a Thursday night prayer-meeting at La Crosse added to his prayer:

"And that fellow who stole my horse—hit him with a thunderbolt before he gets over into Iowa.

An Iowa paper tells of a smart wife that helped her husband to raise seventy acres of wheat. The way she helped him was to stand in the door and shake a broom at him when he sat down to rest!

However deeply the violet may be hidden, its perfume betrays it and leads to its discovery. It is the same with women, those only are neglected who are not worth the trouble of seeking.

A Lawrence girl asked her lover why he shaved his moustache off and was told that it was for "smacking good" reasons.

A lady from a benighted region, hearing for the first time that matches were made in heaven, said she was ready to go.

Young ladies had better be fast asleep than "fast" awake.—*Judy.*

Hardware.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J. & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
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Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,

v5n2-1y No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

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WILSON & HICKS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS,

SUCCESSORS TO IRWIN & WILSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBLIC that they are now ready for Spring trade, with a full stock of new goods. We have a full line of

CHILDRENS' WAGONS, CARRIAGES, CARTS, &c.,

BIRD CAGES,

FISHING RODS, LINES AND BASKETS,

Birche's celebrated Lightning STOVE POLISH, 15 cents per bottle—warranted better than any other—free from disagreeable odors.

Complete stock of CUTLERY, PISTOLS, CARTRIDGES, &c. The celebrated

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVE!

which we will sell lower than any other stove that is as good—and warrant them.

Lightning Cross-cut and Hand-saws that will cut faster than any other saw. Shovels, Plows, Cultivators, Harrow Teeth, Feed Cutters of good make, Picture Frames and Mouldings, Looking Glass Plate, Picture Frames to order in any kind of moulding, Ladies' Work Baskets, Scissors, &c., Clothes Wringers and Washing Machines, Toilet Ware, Slop Pails.

We have the Argan Burner which will fit any lamp and give an excellent light, and are as good as gas to read and sew by. Full and complete stock of CARPENTER TOOLS of the best make, all kind of

BUILDERS' HARDWARE!

Coach-makers' and Saddlers' Goods, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c., Window Glass, Wooden Ware and LEATHER BELTING of all sizes.

☞ We sell at the lowest prices for cash or short credit, in no case to exceed three months.

5-1-1y

Miscellaneous

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

for Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

for Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains or carpets.

SAPOLIO

cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the whole house, better than Soap. No slopping.—Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

for Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

Polishes Brass and Copper utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.

SAPOLIO

for Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains from Marble Mantels, Tables and Statuary, from Hard-finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

removes Stains and Grease from Carpets or other woven fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

a new and wonderfully effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

as an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND SAPOLIO

removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and soft, and giving to it a "bloom of beauty," it is unsurpassed by any Cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and everybody should have it. You will like it.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write for our Pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,

29 PARK PLACE, N. Y. 19-1y-eow

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CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style

Thimble SKEINS

of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.

Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,

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Spokes, RIM AND PLOW HANDLES

JOHN G. DAVIS & SON,

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PHILADELPHIA.

Send for Price List.

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Makes examination in the PATENT OFFICE to ascertain the patentability of inventions for $10. A majority of cases are now rejected, being anticipated by existing patents,—loss to applicant usually about $50; often more. After making this preliminary examination I charge no fee unless I secure a patent. 33-tf

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Practices before all the Courts of the United States and the Executive Departments. Special attention given to Claims under the location of Public Lands by Cash Warrants, Agricultural College Scrip Preemption or Homestead, and to Claims for MINERAL LANDS. 5-3

GREAT BARGAIN

FARM FOR SALE

140 ACRES ON PATUXENT RIVER,

Three miles South of Hill's Landing, Prince George County, Maryland. Good Nine-room Frame house, Barn, Stable, and all necessary out-buildings, on a well established Farm. For particulars address,

P. A. BYRNE, Real Estate Agent
707 7th Street, Washington, D. C

28-tf

Miscellaneous.

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STATIONARY & PORTABLE

Steam Engines.

The Best & Most Complete Assortment in the Market.

These Engines have always maintained the very highest standard of excellence. We make the manufacture of Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills a specialty. We have the largest and most complete works of the kind in the country, with machinery specially adapted to the work.

We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowest prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engines specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Threshers and all classes of manufacturing.

We are now building the celebrated Lane Circular Saw Mill, the best and most complete saw mill ever invented.

We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.

Our aim in all cases is to furnish the best machinery in the market, and work absolutely unequaled for beauty of design, economy and strength.

Send for Circular and Price List.

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DIPLOMA,

AWARDED BY THE

American Institute,

TO J. W. MCKEE,

FOR

Embroidering & Fluting Maohines.

"It is ingenious and will meet the wants of every matron in the land."

EXHIBITION OF 1872.

John E. Gavit, Rec. Secy. F. A. Barnard, Pres. Samuel D. Tilman, Corresponding Secy.

New York, November 20, 1872.

This simple and ingenious Machine is as useful as the Sewing Machine, and is fast becoming popular with ladies, in the place of expensive Needle-work, its work being much more handsome, requiring less time and not one tenth part the expense. No lady's toilet is now complete without it. A Machine with illustrated circular and full instructions sent on receipt of $2. Or finished in silver plate for $2.75.

Address, THE McKEE MFG Co.,
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DR. GARVIN'S ELIXIR OF TAR,

Is recommended by regular Medical practitioners and a speedy cure guaranteed for Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Consumption and all Pulmonary Complaints, Scrofular, Erysipelas, Dyspepsia and Gout, Dysentery, Cholera-morbus, Cholera, and all liver and bowel complaints, Kidney diseases and all affections of the Urinal Organs—perfectly harmless—free from Mineral or Alcoholic properties—pleasant to take and never known to fail—Price $1.00 per bottle. Full particulars with medical testimony and certificates sent on application. Address, L. F. HYDE & CO., 195 Seventh Avenue, New York.

DARTS FROM THE DEVIL; OR CUPID ABUSED.

A Book just issued, exposing the "PERSONALS" that have appeared in the New York Newspapers: their history and lesson. STYLISH VILLIANS FULLY EXPOSED. Advertisements from desperate men to beautiful women; Clandestine meetings: how frustrated; The History of the GOODRICH TRAGEDY the result of a "personal." Description of Living Broadway Statues. EXPOSES SOCIAL CORRUPTION. Sent on receipt of 50 cts. Address, Unique Printing House, 36 Vesey St., New York.

The Beckwith $20 Portable Family Sewing Machine, on 30 Days Trial; many advantages over all. Satisfaction guaranteed, or $20 refunded. Sent complete, with full directions. Beckwith Sewing Machine Co., 862 Broadway, N. Y.

THE NEW REMEDY FOR RUPTURE.

A most Important Invention. Sold by The Elastic Truss Co., No. 683 Broadway, N. Y. City. It retains Rupture absolutely in ease and comfort, night and day, at all times, and under all circumstances, without any exception whatever on any case, and should never be taken off during the short time requisite to effect a permanent cure. Sent by mail. Circulars free. Any Druggist or Physician will order this new Truss for you without charge. 34-8-m-e-o-n

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Buggies,
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Wagons,
Sleighs, &c.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!

SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT,

Bellefonte, Pa.

ma 6-y

Why Ought the People to Vote for the Nominees of the Republican Party?

Because the policy and administration of that party has contributed more to the development and prosperity of our common country in the last thirteen years, than the policy and administration of the Democratic party did in the thirty years preceding the time when the people handed the government over to the Republican party. Is it not a fact that everything has prospered under the policy and administration of the Republican party? We must put it to every laboring man, if business has not increased; if wages have not advanced; if labor has not been more in demand; if prices of stock and agricultural productions have not been enhanced; if money is not plentier, and our paper currency better, more reliable and of more uniform value all over the country; if more railroads have not been built, and our mineral resources have not been more rapidly developed since 1860—the time the Republican party came into power—than during the forty years preceding during which time the Democratic party had control of both the State and the National Government. It is not because Republicans, as men and citizens, are superior to Democrats, that we vote for and support the former in preference to the latter; but because of the liberal and progressive policy of the party, and the sound principles of government held by the Republicans. As to men, as private citizens and neighbors, he must be a fool who thinks that all the worthy are to be found in the Republican party, and all the unworthy in the Democratic party. There are both good and bad men in all parties, as there are good and bad men in all denominations of Christians. But the Scripture gives us a simple rule by which we can form a correct estimate of both men and political parties, and that is, "By their fruits ye shall know them." The fruits of the Republican party are progress and development of the resources of the country; the rapid reduction of the National and State debt; the reduction of State and National taxes; a sound uniform currency, such as the Democratic party never conceived of; erection of all kinds of manufactories, and, consequently, increase in the demand for and enchancement of the price of labor; in short a general prosperity among all classes. If these are not desirable fruits, then vote to reinstate the Democratic party in power.—*Greensburg Herald.*

American Wonders.

The greatert cataract in the world is the Falls of Niagara, where the water from the great upper lakes forms a river of three-quarters of a mile in width and then, being suddenly contracted plunges over the rocks in two columns, to the depth of one hundred and seventy feet each.

The greatest cave in the world is the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky, where any one can make a voyage on the water of a subterranean river, and catch fish without eyes.

The largest valley in the world is the Valley of the Mississippi. It contains five hundred thousand square miles, and is one of the most fertile and profitable regions of the globe.

The largest lake in the world is Lake Superior, which is truly an inland sea, being four hundred and thirty miles, long, and one thousand feet deep.

The longest railroad in the world is the Pacific Railroad, over three thousand miles in length

A TRYVALER on his arrival in a city stopped for a moment to examine a coat hanging in front of a clothing store, when the proprietor rushed out and asked. "Wouldn't you try on some coats?" "I dunno but I would," responded the traveler, consulting his time, and he went in and began to work. No matter how often he found his fit he called for more coats, and after he had tried on thirty, he looked at his watch, resumed his own garment, and walked off, saying: "I won't charge a cent for what I've done; hang a man who won't oblige another when he can do it! If I am ever around this way again, and you've got any more coats to try on, I will do all I can to help you!"

A PROFESSOR in explaining to a class of young ladies the entire theory, according to which the body is renewed every seven years, said: "Thus, Miss B., in seven years you will in reality be no longer Miss B." "I really hope I shan't," demurely responded the girl, casting down her eyes.

How can manufacturing pay when it takes ten mills to make one cent?

An old lady, recently visiting a prison, asked one of the attendants why the prisoners received such coarse food. He told her it was to keep their blood from becoming impure. And, when asked what they would do if their blood was impure, he dryly responded. "Break out."

For Sale.

EXECUTORS' SALE.—Of 139 acres of land situated in Benner township, Centre Co. adjoining land of E. C. Humes on the north and east, and the Benner Estate on the South. The land is mostly in good timber, and is good farm land when improved. For particulars inquire of Joseph Marshall near the premises, or to
PEARSON LLOYD,
Williamsport.
WILLIAM STARR,
WM. LLOYD,
Montoursville, Lycom. Co.
34-51* *Ex'rs of* CHARLES LLOYD.

FARM FOR SALE,

At Eagleville, consisting of 106 acres and situated on the road leading from Bellefonte to Lock Haven, about one mile from Eagleville depot. There are four acres of nice

TIMBER LAND

and the balance is well divided in pasture and tillage, the buildings consist of a good two story House, well painted, good barn and other out buildings. The farm is well fenced and under high state of cultivation. Persons wishing to purchase can not do better than to call and see us.
Our terms are reasonable.
ADDRESS F. B. LIGGET,
Blanchard P. O.
5-24tf Centre Co., Pa.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE
The undersigned offer for sale the following desirable real estate, situate in Snow Shoe and Boggs townships, Centre county, to wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situate in Snow Shoe township, adjoining lands of Moese Gunsallis, John Lucas and others, containing 152 acres and 84 perches, a portion cleared, balance well timbered and underlaid with coal. Also the undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land situate in the aforesaid twp., lately owned by Gideon and Matthias Bechtol, containing 139 acres and 68 perches, is in good state of cultivation, and is underlaid with coal. Also all that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in Boggs twp. adjoining Central City, containing eleven acres more or less thereon erected a large frame building (formerly used as a tannery) and three tenant houses. A fine location for manufacturing purposes the Bald Eagle Valley R R passing the property and the Bald Eagle Creek forming the Southern boundary. Also all that certain two story stone house and lot of ground in the Borough of Bellefonte adjoining lot of Presbyterian church fronting sixty feet on Spring st., and extending back to new st., containing eleven rooms, fine cellar and supplied with gas and water choice fruit on the premises. For further information apply to or address J. D. Shurgert Centre Co. Bank, or N. M. Hoover, Bellefonte, Pa. 6-tf

ORPHANS COURT SALE!

At the late residence of John Garbrich, dec'd. will be sold at public outcry, on the 4th. day of October 1873, at 10 o'clock A.M. the farm of the late John Garbrich, situated in Marion twp. Centre County, Pa. on the public road leading from Bellefonte to Jacksonville, about 6 miles East of Bellefonte, and 4 miles West of Jacksonville, adjoining lands of David Weaver, David Lamb, R. C. & J. Curtin and others, Containing

150 ACRES

more or less. One hundred cleared, and in a good state of cultivation, the residue well timbered with Oak and Pine. A log house and barn, wagon shed, corn crib and hog pen, separate from the barn, running water at the door, a large orchard with about 150 large and thrifty apple trees of choice varieties, and all other kinds of fruits. A very desirable property.

TERMS.—Two thousand dollars to remain secured on the premises during life of the deceased's widow, the interest thereon to be paid her annually, one-half of the residue to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the other half in one year thereafter with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
WM. GARBRICH,
SAMUEL J. GARBRICH,
36-3t Executors

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—On Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1873, will be sold at public sale the large farm of the late David Harpster, deceased, situated in Furguson twp., about one and a half miles from Penn'a. Furnace, and near the new railroad from Tyrone, containing three hundred and forty-six acres more or less, and adjoining lands of Jonathan Kryder on the north, J. S. Calderwood on the south and Sharp, Steward & Co., on the east and west, one hundred and seventy acres of which is cleared. A good two story house with L containing about ten rooms a good tenement house, a good frame barn and other out building, a never failing well of water, a stream running near to the barn affording good water for the cattle, a nice young orchard in good bearing order, good fences and a prolific soil are among the superior advantages of this farm. The portion not cleared is well timbered, about one hundred and forty acres of it will excellent young chestnut. It can easily bedivided into two parts if purchasers so desire.

Also at same time and place a nice tract of land containing ten acres and covered with a heavy growth of yellow pine and situate about one and a half miles from the above mentioned place and joining lands of John J. Gohoen Sharp, Steward & Co., and Peter Kichline.

Terms of sale one half cash when possession is given ballance in one year secured by bond and mortgage.

For further particulars address or apply to Alexander Harpster on the premises.
ALEXANDER HARPSTER.
SAMUEL GOSS,
Executors.

TWO OF THE BEST FARMS
IN MIFFLIN COUNTY AT
PRIVATE SALE

The undersigned offers at private sale, a farm situated in Armagh township, Mifflin County, within one mile of Milroy, known as the Col. Reed place on the turnpike leading to Bellefonte, containing

117 ACRES

more or less, divided off into 13 acre fields and recently fenced with about 3000 panel of locust posts and chestnut rails, on which are erected a two story Brick House, with good water at door, Bank Barn with water in yard, Corn House, Carriage House, Hog pen, and other improvements—all of the best kind, together with a young Orchard of thriving trees. This is one of the finest farms in the County.

ALSO

The farm known as the John McDowell place, situate within a few hundred yards of the Milroy depot, containing

223 ACRES

more or less, all cleared excepting about 10 acres of timber, limed with 100 bushels to the acre, divided into convenient fields, mostly enclosed with locust post and chestnut rail fences, on which are erected a good two-story Stone House, Bank Barn, Corn and Carriage House, Hog Pen, Sheep Pen, Wood and wash House, and various other outbuildings. This property has running water at the door, has a good Orchard and other fruit trees, and is in every respect a desirable one. It can be easily divided into two parts if purchasers desire it.

Any person desirous of viewing the above property or ascertaining terms, &c., can call on or address George Bates, Lewistown, Pa., or the undersigned on the property.
E. P. HARVEY.
Milroy, Mifflin County, Pa., June 4, 1873, 21-6m

Notice to Breeders of Stock.

The Bellefonte Jersey Alderney Cattle Club owners of the CELEBRATED THOROUGH BRED JERSEY BULL "JUNIATA," stationed at the farm of Shugert & Harris, near Bellefonte, where persons desiring to improve their stock are requested to call. Service $3. 34-3m

Coal, Lime, &c.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE

Shortlidge & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

COAL UNDER ROOF,

FROM THE
WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,
prepared expressly for family use.

BEST COAL IN THE MARKET!

Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

LIME!

WOOD or COAL BURNT,

challenges competition as to quality.

Agents for the sale of

DUPONT'S POWDER

RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

FUSE—BEST COTTON, HEMP AND TAPE FUSE for BLASTING,

FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,

all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES,
CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!
Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.
v5n34-1y

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive prompt attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

Groceries and Provisions.

RETAIL PRICE LIST.

JOBBING

AND COMMISSION HOUE

OF

BURNSIDE & THOMAS,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Two good Cigars for	5 cts
White Sugars per pound	13 cts
Demarara Sugar per pound	13 cts
Rio Coffee	25 cts
Arbuckles' brown coffee per pound	30 cts
Best Washing Soaps per pound	6, 7 and 8 cts
Best Starch per pound	10 cts
Best Bright Navy Tobacco per bar	50 cts
Best Black Navy Tocacco per bar	50 cts
Best Double Thick bright or black Tobaccos per bar	35 cts
Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco per ounce	5 cts
Best Sugar-cured Hams per pound	17 cts
Large size Dairy Salt per sack	15 cts
No. 1 Black Pepper per pound	30 cts
Molasses per gallon	60 cts
Coal Oil in 5 gal. lots, best article, per gal.	35 cts

Mackerel without heads, and all kind of Mackerel and Herring at city prices.

Double X X White Drips 80 cents per gallon, in 5 gallon lots 5 cents a gallon less.

1000 other articles too numerous to mention, cheap. Mens' stogies, heavy shoes, at $1,35 per pair. They have the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever offered to the public. If you want

TO SAVE 20 to 50 PER CENT.

GO TO BURNSIDE & THOMAS'

All kinds of merchandise in whole pachages at less prices. v5n10-tf.

GROCERIES!

YOU CAN BUY THE

BEST

AND

CHEAPEST

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS,

TEAS,

SPICES,

and all other goods in that line of

SECHLER & CO

We keep a large stock, great variety and good goods, and deal only in what belongs to th REGULAR GROCERY BUSINESS,

We are the only

STRICTLY GROCERY HOUSE

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

We take all kinds of country produce, and GUARANTEE POSITIVELY to do better with you on GROCERIES and all other goods, in our line than you can do with any other store. CALL AND SEE US.

SECHLER & CO.

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, BELLEFONTE.
5-31-tf

Grain and Flour.

BELLEFONTE MERCHANT MILLS.

J. M. WAGNER & CO.

inform their friends, and the people of Centre and adjoining counties, that they continue to do business at the Bellefonte Mill. They keep constantly on hand the very best of

FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR,

Corn Meal, Feed of all kinds, such as Corn n the Ear, Rye, Chop, Corn Chop, Rye, Corn and Oats Chop, mixed in equal quantities, which they sell wholesale and retail at the lowest reasonable rates. They also buy

GRAIN OF ALL KINDS,

for which they pay the Highest Market Price, and pay the cash right down. No farmer need come the second time for his Greenbacks. Give us a trial. JOHN M. WAGNER & CO.,
v6n6-1y. Bellefonte, Pa.

IRON.

IRON! IRON!

A general assortment of all sort

IRON OF ALL SIZES,

Including Horse-shoe and Axe iron, and Steel

Tire and Sleigh Soles, Also

STEEL FURNITURE

AND

BED SPRINGS,

of all shapes and sizes, for sale by the

BELLEFONTE IRON COMP'Y.
v5n1-tf

W. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST.

MANUFACTURER OF

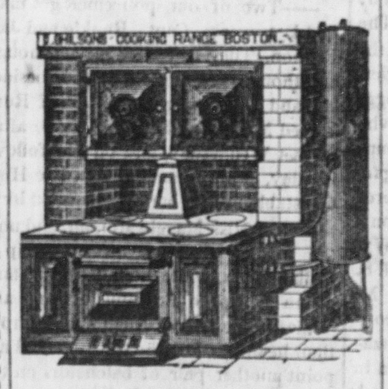
Steam Engines,

TURBINE WATER WHEELS;

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v4n46-1y.



HAYES, COULTER & CO,

Successors to W. A. Arnold,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HEATERS, RANGES, LOW GRATES,

AND

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS

Send for Catalogue.

No. 1305 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
5-28-6m

Clothing.

New Clothing Store!

I. L. REIZENSTEIN,

In the corner building, opposite Hoffer's store, Bellefonte, has established a new Clothing store where the best bargains in the county are offered.

$7,50 to $15

FOR SUITS OF THE

FINEST CASSIMERE.

HATS, CAPS,

and a full and complete assortment of everything in the line of Clothing.

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

all directly from their own manufactory. Also,

Jewelry, Watches, Etc.

They have engaged their old clerk, Mr. A. Sternberg, so well known to the people, and who will be pleased to see his old friends. Repairing of Watches promptly attended to. [illegible]

Medical.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION

which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass.,
And sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.
He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER,
jy14'73-1y. Prop'r.

BROCKEROFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.
D NSON & SONS, Proprietors.
A CLASS HOTEL—COMFORTABLE ROOMS,
PROMPT ATTENDANCE.
ALL THE MODERN CONVENIENCES—
AND REASONABLE CHARGES,
The proprietors offer to the traveling public, and to their country friends, first class accommodations and careful attention to the wants of guests at all times, at fair rates. Careful hostlers and good stabling for horses. An excellent table well served. A Bar supplied with fine liquors. Servants well trained and everything requisite in a first class Hotel. Our location is in the business part of the town, near the Post Office, the Court House, the Churches, the Banks, and the principal places of business, renders it the most eligible place for those who visit Bellefonte, on business or for pleasure.
AN OMNIBUS WILL CARRY PASSENGERS
and baggage to and from all trains free of charge
4-35-y.

BUSH HOUSE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

SUMMER RESORT.

First-Class Accommodations

FOR

300 GUESTS

For circular and further particulars, address

W. H. WILKINSON & CO.,
v6n1-1y PROPRIETORS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — D. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA — EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.
5-32-3m.

$72 00 EACH WEEK.
Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address [illegible] & CO., St. Louis, Mo. 5-30-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meeting first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each fullmoon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constantine Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

FESTIVAL AT HUBLERSBURG.—The Presbyterian church at Hublersburg will hold a Festival on Saturday, Oct. the 4th, for the benefit of the church. There will be a balloon ascension at sundown, and collation in the vestry in the evening.

——N. Beck is the absorbing genius of the Coleville Sunday School.

——Dr. H. H. Rothrock is doing a real estate business in the dentistry line. He has a very easy way of relieving them of their achers.

——Why is it that so many of the young men of Bellefonte are fond of milk? We know of quite a number that live altogeher on *pap*.

——Last evening Jim Stephen's train ran over a large dog near the glass works. The people of that section had better watch the sausages for a few days.

——J. Miles Green of Milesburg has been raised to the dizzy hight of a Justice of the Peace. He now marries people, keeps a docket and does all sorts of things like that.

——It is not healthy to eat late at night. A ravenous dog tried it on Monday night in West Bellefonte and he died soon after the family found they had no meat for breakfast.

——We will give a complete biography of the first man or beast that falls through the bridge near the depot, and furnish copies of the paper to near relations, gratis. We live in hourly expectation.

——An interesting game of base ball was played in the park on Saturday between the Bellefonters and Spring Millers. The latter are a first-rate lot of players, but by hook or by crook the former fellows come off a few runs ahead.

——A clothes line on the "hill" was robbed of a fine lot of linen goods on last Thursday night. They were all returned the next night however and it is thought that the thief is a single man because the stolen clothes were all "wimmen's."

——A grange of the Patrons of Husbandry has been started in this county. Now, if the hand-shaking politician goes fooling 'round this incipient graft of political agriculture, we hope the farmers will cram his mouth full of cockle seed, stuff rye chaff down his back, then set him down in some soft barnyard and turn the buck sheep and cross cattle in at him.

——The Clinton County papers, as the election approaches, are publishing the Election Proclamation, the Registry law and the Fish law. We suggest to the liberal commissioners of our county that they have this trio published in their "own" and the *Watchman*. There will be more chance to get their $400 on the former, and the latter will do more broad and deep lying for the Sleepy Sankey.

——Richard Hall, aged eleven, son of George Hall, employed at the Milesburg Iron works, on last Friday evening, fell from a chestnut tree and broke one arm between the wrist and elbow and dislocated the wrist of the other arm. His face was also badly bruised. Doctor J. B. Baird of Milesburg set the broken arm and under his skillful treatment, the little fellow is doing well.

——Jim Schofield a saddler, a harness maker and a first class artist generally, is in the horse-gearing business. Farmers and others attending the County Fair, please examine his large stock of goods, next door to Harper Bro's on Spring Street. All visitors to the Fair are requested to examine his fair harness on exhibition there. Mr. Schofield challenges the trade to compete with him at the coming Fair.

——On Saturday morning we had the pleasure of a call from Prof. John H. Roberts, teacher of ancient and modern languages in the Bellefonte Academy. The Professor, after spending several years in the ministry, went to China as a missionary. After several years of labor among the Celestials, his health failed and he was compelled to return home. It is not undue praise to say that Mr. Roberts is one of the most thorough linguist's in the State and is an instructor of wide and successful experience.

FLOWER'S AND THE COUNTY FAIR.—The officers of our Agricultural Society, believing that the Floral Department of the Fair has been comparatively unsuccessful, have made changes with a view to securing a better display of flowers.

The first of these changes consists in adding to their premium list of former years a number of popular flowers which are likely to be in bloom Oct, 7th. The second is, the adoption of an exhibition table for cut flowers which saves exhibitors the trouble and expense of providing vaces, bottles, &c. This table is covered with *wet sand* and flowers inserted in the sand, either in boquets or arranged separately, will remain in a good condition for several days without further attention.

Especially will exhibitors from a distance find this arrangement to be a great improvement.

The citizens of Bellefonte and vicinity have not, in the past, contributed flowers as they might,—probably because having an advantage over their country friends, they were unwilling to use it. But this spirit of generosity should not keep any one back from *exhibiting* flowers, as this may be done without competing for premiums.

I feel that a mistake was made in putting me in charge of this department, as the manager should be so well acquainted through the county as to be able to appeal *personally* to all who can aid in this matter. But, in behalf of the Fair, I venture to address through the newspapers all who have flowers and ask that the floral exhibition be made a success in spite of the lateness of the season. You who can keep your flowers safe in the garden until Oct, 7th, do so, and then let their last glories be seen at the Fair. You who have flowering plants under cover, join heart and hand with us, your less favored neighbors, and let the boquets and wreaths which you intended for your own tables grace the table at the Fair. Bring flowers then, from the garden and the lawn, from the sitting room and the greenhouse; bring specimens of one variety or of twenty varieties; bring in pots and hanging-baskets;—in any and in every way contribute the floral treasures which the season affords, that you may encourage your fellow-workers, that you may incite others to begin to cultivate flowers, and that you may give pleasure to every lover of floral beauty who visits the Centre county Fair of 1873.

JAS. Y. MCKEE.

Agricultural College, Sept, 23rd, 1873.

——Pursuant to previous notice a meeting was held on last Thursday at the Hall of the Y. M. C. A. for the porpose of oganizing an auxiliary branch of the Open Temperance Union. An orgnization was effected by calling Rev. M. L. Smyser to the chair and J. I. McClure to act as Secretary. The object of the meeting was stated by the chairman after which Rev. J. Zeigler, Secretary of the Milesburg and Boggs township Open Temperance Union, who was present by invitation for that purpose, explained its origin, aim and organization, a vote of thanks was tendered Zeigler for his address. On motion a committee composed of Rev. W. T. Wylie, James A. Beaver, Wm. H. Blair, J. S. Sommerville, J. I. McClure and Rev M. Smyser, was appointed to frame a constitution and by-laws for the organization of the Open Temperance Union in Bellefonte. On motion the meeting adjourned to meet on next Thursday evening at 7 o'clock at same place.

J. I. MCCLURE, SEC'Y.

——The following resolution (we have the original copy) presented to the late Senatorial Conference, by a disgusted conferee explains the feelings of that body towards the candidates for nomination. After gazing upon this resolution, can the reader be surprised that the rank and file of the Democracy in this district are entirely disgusted with the whole concern generally and Joe Waream in particular?

Resolved. That as confrees the members of this conference are miserable failures, and we hereby respectfully request our principals to discharge us, pay all our bills, send us to our peaceful and happy homes, so that we may be "put in our little beds," we being tired of public life; and select some other parties versed in the science of addition, division and silence, and possessing the patience of a Penelope, to represent them in this conference and that a copy of this resolution be furnished each of our said most worthy principals.

——The *Watchman* denies the statement that its editor will vote for Levi A. Miller, and then blunders into something about some Republicans being "whipped in" to Levi A. Miller's support. When the polls close on election day the *Watchman* will find that every Republican in the county, and enough Democrats besides, have voted for Levi A. Miller, to elect him. But when, pray, did the *Watchman* fail into the support of Orvis? Has Fred. Kurtzwith his patent paper really whipped the *Watchman* into Orvis' support? Own up, now, Meek, does Orvis really bear down too heavy?

——Four or five young men were seen on last Sunday morning near the Glass Works, in a state of beastly intoxication, which leads us to say that if the temperance people of this town would give such cases as this a little more attention instead of meddling in politics, their cause would be greatly rengthened.

——There will be no end of fun at the Fair next week.

——The Conrad House will soon be ready for its former occupants.

——The glass works will again be put in operation in a couple of weeks.

——Among the prominent suspensions anticipated are those of Wade and Captain Jack.

——Huntingdon County Republicans do your duty, and poll every republican vote for Hon. John Irwin and he will be our next Senator.

——See new price list of Burnside & Thomas, the largest stock of goods to be found in the city, and what surprises us is how they can sell them so cheap.

——Dr. J. W. Rodgers lectured in the Court House, last evening, to a very large and intelligent audience.—His subject, "Bismark and the Pope," proved a most interesting and instructive theme.

——That the editor of the WATCHMAN will vote for Miller, is a big-mouthed, unmitigated lie.—*Watchman.*

"Unmitigated" is good! You're a nice party to talk about lying. Your own genius in that way is encyclopedical—it is what the German critics call many-sided. It embraces all subjects without distinction or patiality. It is equally good upon all, "from grave to gay—from lively to severe."

——Exhibitors at the coming Fair of the Agricultural Society, will consult their own convenience by making as many of their entries as possible prior to the opening day. The Secretary, Daniel S. Keller, has the books open a his Law office, Northwest corner of Brockerhoff House, just in rear of Centre county Bank, and entries may now be made at any time. 35-3t

——The bridge over Spring Creek near the depot is in a very unsafe condition. The planks in it are very rotten and many treacherous holes in it are covered with stones. We expect daily to hear of some horse or wagon breaking through. We advise all who will drive to the County Fair not to cross this bridge; there is a good safe bridge, crossing the creek, on Lamb St. We earnestly ask those who value life and limb not to cross the bridge at the depot until it is made safe.

——The Secretary of our Agricultural Society has received the following letter in regard to excursion tickets, which will be of interest to all who will come here by rail at that time:—

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 24, 1873.

D. S. KELLER, Esq.,
BELLEFONTE.

DEAR SIR:—Your favor of 23d inst., in reference to granting Excursion privileges to persons desirous of attending Agricultural Fair of Centre County, to be held at Bellefonte, received. I will instruct our agents at Huntingdon, Altoona and intermediate stations, and B. E. Valley and Tyrone and Clearfield Branches to sell Excursion Tickets on Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 10—good to return until Oct. 11.

Yours Truly,
THOS. A. STERNER,
G. T. A.

——Two of our policemen got married last week—Capt. Runkle and Jas. Fannon. They had stood it long enough and thought they'd get somebody besides law and order to fight for. Chief Runkle led Mrs. Anna Schrock to the altar on last Wednesday, and on the following day, Policeman Fannon, late High Constable of this borough, united himself with Miss Maggie Morgan, and now the former party are off on a trip to Philadelphia, while the latter have started on a trip to England, Ireland and Wales to see the old folks and improve their health. Let the town council appoint another pair of batchelors on the police force—they will be sure to get married.

POULTRY.—Having been appointed o solicit poultry breeders to exhibit their stock at the ensuing Agricultural Fair of Centre Co. I would say, that it is very desirable that all those who intend to exhibit, should notify me before the week of the Fair, so that I may be enabled to make provision to have shedding prepared to accommodate the same. Exhibitors will provide their own coops and water fountains. Coops made of three feet plastering lath, three feet each way and two and one half inches space between slats, with a slide opening for cleansing, are a very good size for three fowls. Premium lists will be furnished on application.

WM. SHORTLIDGE
Bellefonte, Pa.

No. 36-2t.

——After this paper had repeatedly called attention to the fact that the "Watchman" gave no notice to Orvis' "addition, division and silence" speech on the finance question, we finally succeeded in making that paper say something in its defense. This the "Watchman" would never have done if it did not entertain fears that by keeping silent, much of its influence would be lost. That the "Watchman" would never shed a tear if Orvis were defeated, is morally certain. His quiet but severe thrusts at him, will tell on election day. Why, the "Watchman's" whole article on Orvis' speech, is the plainest and severest kind of sarcasm.—Let anybody read the article in the last "Watchman" under the caption of "Two Millions to elect Mackey," and be satisfied that it is ridiculing Orvis and his pet problem, in a most unmistakable manner. There are many Democrats in the county who will follow the "Watchman's" lead, and give Orvis the cold shoulder.

REPORT OF THE BOROUGH AUDITORS:—Every tax-payer in the borough should be desirous to see a full and complete report of the borough accounts. For the purpose of placing the different branches of our municipal accounts in the proper shape, a special law was passed in 1869 by Hon. P. Gray Meek, who was then our assemblyman, requiring three borough auditors to be elected whose duty should be to audit all the accounts of the borough and have them published in the several news papers of the borough. The present board of auditors commenced early in May to audit these accounts. They have been working at it until about three weeks ago, when their work was completed. In the faithful discharge of their duty they have made a close, itemized, accurate audit of all the accounts since 1869. This was the condition of the auditors last week when the *Watchman* placed severe criticisms upon the administration of the borough finances generally and the auditors particularly. In the article referred to, the *Watchman* charged that the money of the tax payers had been used to purchase radical voters—that it had been given to members of a radical ring—that the auditors, as politicians, are with-holding this report until after the election and that to carry on this dishonesty in the *borough* management the republicans are anxious to elect Samuel Gramly of Miles township to the office of Commissioner. Let us examine these charges made by the "Watchman." If the taxes have been used to purchase radical votes or if it has been dishonestly given to individuals why does not the "Watchman" give the public the data. It would be a good campaign argument. Simple statements by the "Watchman" are never believed without plenty of collateral. The public has long since learned that the truth is entirely to small for the comprehensive mind of the "Watchman." Facts are too dry and commonplace for the fervor of its genius. Its dislike for truth and parsimonious use of it seems to be natural just as some horses are natural pacers and some dogs natural setters. Our three borough auditors are business men and not politicians. They make a living by hard work and have not grown rich as members of the Legislature, and they certainly will not as auditors because Hon. P. Gray Meek who had the bill passed which created the office of borough auditors, did not provide any compensation for their labor. As to withholding their report until after the election, we desire to call particular attention. Their full and complete report was ready for publication, as we said above, three weeks ago. The auditors, at that time called on the editor of the "Watchman" to find what he would charge for publishing their report. He told them it would cost them $125.00. They agreed that this was too high a figure for the tax payers to give their enemy and asked the Editor what he would print it in pamphlet form for. His reply was that the law *required the auditors report to be published in all the newspapers in the borough*, and showed them the following:

"Supplement to an act to provide for the election of auditors for the Borough of Bellefonte in Centre Co. &c."

SEC. 2. The annual report of the auditors elected for said Borough, under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement, shall be published in the different news papers of said Borough for the information of the citizens thereof. (See laws of 1869 page 661.)

The above supplement was passed by Hon. P. Gray Meek, then a member of Legislature from this county. To publish the auditors' report in each of the three papers of this borough would cost, at the "Watchman's" own figuring, just $375. It could be printed in pamphlet form and every man, woman and child in the borough be provided with a copy thereof at a cost not exceeding $25. Now what do the tax-payers think of the "Watchman's" methods of economy? We will print the borough statement in pamphlet form for $25, which will make a saving of $350 to the town. But Hon. P. Gray Meek's act makes it contrary to law to do this. Would not the same object be attained if every tax payer were placed in possession of a pamphlet copy of the borough statements? No wonder the "Watchman" calls for the publication of this statement. It wants, or appears to want, $125 very badly. The auditors are awaiting the action of the Council before they publish their full report. What has all this to do with the election of Samuel Gramly or J. G. Sankey to the office of County Commissioner? We answer considerable. The Commissioners have reduced the valuation of property of prominent democrats in this borough to such an extent that it makes a reduction of ovor 1,000 in the amount of taxes. If any one doubts this statement let them examine the books of the commissioners and be convinced. Our taxes are heavy enough. Let us have equal taxation at all events. Who is there that wants to see the poor man's property valued at the highest cent and the rich man's property placed at half its value? It is high time that the tax-payers were sending an honest man in the place of J. G. Sankey, as County Commissioner. In another column will be found a condensed statement of the borough account.

PENNS VALLEY ITEMS FROM THE REPORTER:

—On Tuesday of last week, a little boy by the name of Hanna living in Gregg twp. had his leg broken above the ankle. No particulars.

—Rev. Miller this week broke ground for the erection of a new building on the bank lot, opposite the *Reporter* office, the lower story of which is to be used as a drug store.

—Mrs. Rebecca Herr of Salona, long familiarly known and beloved in the Valley as Aunt Beckie, died at the residence of her son, Mr. George Herr, in that place on last Thursday at the advanced age of ninty-five years and seven months.

—John Shuey, died at Lemont, on last Thursday, 18th. The deseased fell from a barn some ten years ago, and never recovered from the injuries sustained, and has been in a disabled condition until death at length releived his sufferings.

—The dysentery is abating at Millheim, we are pleased to say. That town has been sorely afflicted—there were some 16 or 20 deaths in something like a little over a month. The disease is not contagious, the doctors say.

PHILIPSBURG NEWS FROM THE JOURNAL:—The R. R. Meeting in Potter's Hall, Tuesday evening, after addresses, adjourned until next Wednesday afternoon Oct. 8, at 2 o'clock. Good speakers will be in attendance.

—The busiest place in this vicinity just now is the park grounds where the contractor, Mr. C. A. Faulkner, is rapidly completing the track, twenty-five hands and seven teams being engaged in the work. This does not look much like failure. That is the way our people generally do things. If they once set themselves to do a thing, 'tis done.

—George Shirk, a young man employed in the mill of E. M. Sturdevant, Black Moshannon, while sawing shingles, on Wednesday of last week lost the greater part of one hand. He had reached over the saw to fix some part of the machinery when his hand slipped and the saw took off three of his fingers at the knuckle joint and mutilated the remaining finger and thumb, taking off a portion of each. Dr. Blair, of Unionville dressed the hand, and Shirk is doing well.

—There are symptoms of a coming strike among the miners of this region, for an advance of ten cents per ton. As we go to press a day earlier this week than usual, we are anable to give full particulars to date, but at this writing two mines, the Reliance and Mapleton suspended operations, the operators refusing to give the advanec demanded. The feeling among the miners is that they ought to receive seventy cents per ton, the price paid before the last strike, from the effects of which the miners the operators and the region have not yet fully recovered. To precipitate another strike can benefit nobody and we hope that it may be averted by such just concessions on either side as the interests of all concerned may demand. Without entering upon the question of the provocation to a strike, the lesson of general strikes is that the condition of the strikers is not improved by means of them.

——Joe Waream was in town last week. He is the man who is running for the Senate, Joe Waream is. He don't look like a great man. People say he isn't and that's the reason we cannot trace up much of his early history, much less his birthplace, pedigree and juvenile associations. Whence he or his ancestors got his name, we don't know; but for the fact that is to be inferred he got it in infancy, we would have thought he got it in a bar room for his physiognomy, his swagger and his conversation betoken years of attentive training in institutions of that kind. Joseph is not what might be called a polished man, not for Joe. His personal appearance denotes a natural antagonism to water both for purposes of ablution and as a beverage. Small quantities may have been smuggled into him, by the adulteration of more tasteful cordials, but he cannot be severely censured for that, it could not have been intentional; not for Joseph, if he knows it, no, no, no. He may be a great man but certainly has never been accused of it. That he, by the partiality of his ward, has been elevated to the office of Justice of the Peace cannot be gainsayed; that he can keep a docket or perform the functional duties at a wedding or that he even essayed to write a deed cannot be successfully denied. But among all these high attainments it is hard to assign Waream his leading virtue. We had about given up the task in despair; but we think we can designate the one which has given him his greatest celebrity. It is invidious to make comparisons, and to give pre-eminence to one over other rival qualities and gifts where all have high claims to distinction, but then the stern justice of criticism, in this case requires a discrimination. We therefore take the responsibility of saying, after due reflection, that Waream's reputation stands higher for getting the nomination for the Senate than for any other leading act of his life, and in thus assigning pre-eminence to this leading effort, it is done without any desire to derogate from other brilliant characteristics, such as shoulder-hitting, bucking the tiger or his love of wassail. All are leading traits but the greatest of these was securing the nomination of this district for the Senate. Doctor Crawford retired from the pill-ing to take a hand in official plunder but was distanced Petriken, the silliest, the pride of his native village, gave way early in the contest before the formidable scrivener. And our own gallant courser of the sagacious "Watchman" was only in at the death. Joseph Waream winner on the 376th ballot! What wind was there my countrymen! With this, his pedigree, shining forth, sparkling and brilliant, a double reflex of the party he represents, who will doubt his fitness to be most cordially retired from public life on the second Tuesday of October?

MARRIED.

At the Brockerhoff House, in Bellefonte, by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Sept. 17, Mr. Bucher of Lebanon Co. and Miss Emma Piter of Pine Grove, Pa.

On Sept. 24, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Capt. Michael Runkle and Mrs. Anna Shrock, both of Bellefonte.

On Sept. 25, at the M. E. Parsonage in Bellefonte by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Foster V. Jordon and Miss Sarah J. Smith, both of Centre Co. Pa. 4

DIED.

At Mount Eagle, of brain fever, Sept. 17th, Francis W. Bathurst, aged 21 years 11 months and 25 days.

At Harris twp, near Oak Hall, Sept. 18th of disentery, Mrs. Eliza Corbon, aged 59 years.

At Boalsburg Sept. 18th, Mrs. Reezner, aged 59 years and 8 months.

Grain and Flour Markets.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.
BELLEFONTE, Oct' 1, 1873.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 40
Red wheat No. 1	1 40
Barley	65
Corn, ears,	45
Shelled corn	50
Oats	35
Rye per bushel	65
Buckwheat per bushel	60
Clover seed " "	5 50
Plaster ₱ ton	15 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brockerhoff Bros.

Apples, dried, per lb	@5½
Peaches, dried, per lb	12½15@12
Cherries, dried, per lb	5
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	15
Bacon	9
Sides	8
Lard per lb	8
Eggs per doz	20
Tallow, per pound	8
Rags	3
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried Beef	8

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Eliza Corben, late of Harris twp., Centre Co. Pa. dec'd, having been granted to Joseph Baker, all persons knowing themselves to be in debt to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated for payment.

36-6t JOSEPH BAKER, Adm'r.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—The Partnership heretofore existing between Mr. M. Stuart and David Betts, in the Lumber business at Moshannon, this day dissolved. The business of the said firm will be settled up by Dr. M. Stuart. 36-3t

Moshannon, Centre Co. Pa. Sept. 22nd 1873.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—Edward Perks trading as E. Perks & Co. vs. Clark Cone. In the Court of common Pleas of Centre county No. 98 April Term 1873. The Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the personal property of the defendant, will meet the parties interested for that purpose on Monday October 27th, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his office in Bellefonte.

D. S. KELLER, Auditor.

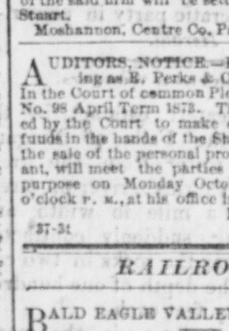
37-3t

RAILROADS.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS,	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	9 15	6 50
East Tyrone	9 22	6 57
Bald Eagle	9 32	7 07
Hannah	9 46	7 21
Port Matilda	9 55	7 30
Martha	10 04	7 39
Julian	10 16	7 51
Unionville	10 30	8 05
Snow Shoe Intersection	10 40	8 15
Milesburg	10 45	8 20
Arrive Bellefonte	10 54	8 29
Leave Bellefonte	10 59	8 32
Milesburg	11 10	8 45
Curtin	11 20	8 55
Mount Eagle	11 26	9 01
Howard	11 35	9 10
Eagleville	11 48	9 23
Beech Creek	11 53	9 28
Mill Hall	12 06	9 41
Flemington	12 10	9 45
Lock Haven Intersection	12 15	9 50
Arrive Lock Haven	12 20	10 00
RETURN.		
Leave Lock Haven	9 35	3 05
Lock Haven Intersection	9 40	3 10
Flemington	9 45	3 15
Mill Hall	9 49	3 19
Beech Creek	10 02	3 33
Eagleville	10 07	3 38
Howard	10 20	3 51
Mount Eagle	10 29	4 00
Curtin	10 35	4 06
Milesburg	10 45	4 16
Arrive Bellefonte		4 27
Leave Bellefonte		4 30
Milesburg	11 10	4 39
Snow Shoe Intersection	11 20	4 44
Unionville	11 28	4 57
Julian	11 40	5 09
Martha	11 51	5 20
Port Matilda	12 09	5 38
Hannah	12 23	5 53
Bald Eagle	12 28	5 58
East Tyrone	12 33	6 03
Arrive Tyrone	12 40	6 10

WATERS' CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS are the most beautiful in style and perfect in tone ever made. The CONCERTO STOP is the best ever placed in any Organ. It is produced by an extra set of reeds, peculiarly voiced, the EFFECT of which is MOST CHARMING AND SOUL STIRRING, while ITS IMITATION of the Human Voice IS SUPERB. Terms liberal.



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